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Today's Weather: Moderate Southwesterly winds - Partly cloudy.

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COMMENT OF THE DAY

Possible Moves

A RECENT event which attracted only passing notice was the recall of three Soviet Ambassadors to Moscow. Their presence may have been required because of the impending denunciation of Mr. Beria, but it is unlikely that this was the only reason for the recall. Whatever her domestic upheavals, Russia continues to devote close thought and attention to international affairs, and it is fair to assume that the Ambassadors went to Moscow to present first-hand reports on world events, particularly the manner in which they may be affected by the current three power Foreign Ministers' conference in Washington. It is not Russia's purpose to allow the initiative to move to the Western powers if she can do anything to prevent it, and this is especially so in the case of Germany. In the long-drawn-out struggle between Russia and the West the fate of Germany is always the centre. All diplomatic roads end in Germany. Russia has suffered its greatest post-war humiliation at Berlin. But out of this humiliation it might by adroit action pick up the pieces of the West. The rising in Berlin has had two consequences. It has broken the prestige of the satellite government in the Eastern zone, but it has also aroused the nationalism of Western Germany and revived the determination to restore to the authentic German people the peoples of the East. This has dealt a blow at those in Western Germany who were content for the time being to leave Germany divided and to concentrate on building up the strength of the Federal Republic.

THE forces making for German unification could easily be made use of by Moscow for Russian purposes if Russian diplomacy is sufficiently flexible, subtle, and willing to take risks. The main interest in the international scene at the moment is to see which of the two sides, the West or the Communists, plays its hand better over Germany. As far as can be made out, Mr. Dulles would like in the Washington consultations to get agreement on making a new demand for free elections in Germany which would lead on to unification; the new Germany would then be free to continue its military alliance with the West, and America hopes that of its own free will it would choose to do so. Mr. Dulles apparently hopes that the demands might be accepted by Russia, and bases his hopes on what he thinks is the tottering state of Russia. Some loud blasts on the Western trumpets will bring down its walls. But what will happen if Russia forestalls him by proposing genuinely free elections in Germany, together with unification, in return for the severance of Germany from EDC or NATO? What would be the effects on the West German election at the end of next month? What would be the chances of the Western counter-proposals being accepted? The French newspaper Le Monde draws attention to other clues. At the recent meeting of the World Peace Council at Budapest no word was heard about the old Russian plan of a Five-Power peace pact. All the emphasis was on using the United Nations to rescue peace. Does this mean a new Russian diplomatic offensive in the United Nations Assembly? All these and many other possibilities are doubtless being weighed at this moment in Washington and London—and in Moscow.

BIG FOUR TALKS LATEST

May Be Held In Autumn If Russia Agrees

Washington, July 13. Agreement between the Big Three Western Foreign Ministers to seek a Big Four conference with Russia, possibly this autumn, now seems certain to be announced within the next 24 hours. The British Acting Foreign Secretary, the Marquess of Salisbury, and the French Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault, appear to have overcome the resistance of the United States State Secretary, Mr. John Foster Dulles, to such a meeting. They have pleaded that the Western powers cannot ignore the popular demand throughout the free world that such an attempt should be made to end the appalling tensions developed throughout the East-West cold war of recent years. The emphasis in the Foreign Ministers' conference which opened last Friday has been upon a meeting between the heads of the American, Russian, French and British governments, but the question appears still to be open whether the meeting should be at this level or at the Foreign Ministers' level.

Both the British and French spokesmen have declared themselves in favour of a meeting of heads of governments, but Soviet spokesmen have been campaigning for a meeting between foreign ministers in continuance of the system for foreign ministers' consultation set up during the wartime conferences at Potsdam and Yalta in 1945. Throughout the current talks, discussion of the Big Four meeting has focused upon the question of the reunification of Germany and the holding of free all-German elections. The German question would provide the main, but not necessarily the only, subject for discussion with Soviet leaders. Soviet agreement to the holding of free all-German elections would be a means of testing the reality and sincerity of the declared desire of the new Soviet Government for a relaxation of tensions.

In the light of the discussions here the objective of the Big Four meeting would be primarily exploratory—to penetrate behind the screen of propaganda and public statements by Soviet spokesmen and find out in secret talks just what the new Soviet Government thinks and intends about world peace.

IMPORTANT END This would be an important end in itself, quite apart from any attempt by the three Western Powers to reach any firm agreements with the Soviet leaders or to prepare the way for the negotiation of such agreements as dividing the Communist and the non-Communist world. The fact that the United States Government now appears willing to endorse the positive rather than the negative aspects of a Big Four meeting is presumably attributable to the persuasiveness of the British and French Foreign Ministers, backed by world public opinion. The announcement of the agreement in the attitude of the three Western Governments towards such a meeting, expected within the next 24 hours, will, however, presumably define the conditions under which it would be possible to hold a meeting and prepare the way for soundings out the attitude of the Soviet Government itself towards such a meeting.—Reuter.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR COMMUNISTS Baghdad, July 13. A court martial here today sentenced Bahudin Nuri, Secretary General of the Iraqi underground Communist Party, and two other leading Communists, to life imprisonment.—Reuter.

What The Insurance Companies Paid For Jewels Theft Information

Alx-en-Provence, July 13. Counsel for Lloyds of London told a court here today that insurance companies had given Frances 5,400,000 (about \$5,400) to the Marseilles police to pay informants telling the whereabouts of the Begum Aga Khan's stolen jewels. Maitre Launais of the Paris Bar, representing Lloyds, was giving evidence as the trial of twelve men charged with the daylight holdup of the Begum and the theft of Frances 200,000,000 (\$200,000,000) of her precious gems, entered its second week. A further Frances 600,000 (\$600,000) were handed over and the lawyer said, were made available to be paid out in the event of a full restitution of the loot. The remaining two thirds, he said, were made available to be paid out in the event of a full restitution of the loot. He said Lloyds underwriters had insured the Begum's jewels for Frances 100,000,000 (\$100,000,000). A paper package containing Frances 150,000,000 (\$150,000,000) worth of the jewels were returned to the Marseilles police in mysterious circumstances in January, 1950.—Reuter.

Centre Of Controversy



Judge Gives Advice To Baby-Sitter

Glamorgan, July 13. The judge left his seat in the Glamorgan Court today and moved over to the witness box to give some advice to 17-year-old Sylvia Longman, found guilty of the manslaughter of a 3-year-old boy. "They can be very upsetting when they start howling. I have children of my own," the judge told the attractive red-haired baby-sitter, who admitted that she put a scarf over the child's mouth to stop him crying. "I should try to forget it if I were you," he added. Sylvia had pleaded not guilty of a charge of murdering the child, Alan Caprin, but guilty of the alternative charge of manslaughter while baby-sitting so that the child's mother could work at night as a waitress in Cardiff. The child was troublesome and swore at her, she said. She did not intend to harm him. The judge placed her on probation for two years on condition that she went to her home for six months.—Reuter.

PARALYSING DOCK STRIKE

Brisbane, July 14. This port is paralyzed by a strike of 2,000 dockers, whose employers are today taking court action in an attempt to compel them to return to work. The Stevedoring Industry Board is bringing suit requiring the men to show cause why they should not be ordered back to work. Fifteen foreign ships are among the 20 vessels idle. The strike began over the suspension of 17 dockers who refused to accept a working day starting at 1 p.m. The men decided yesterday to remain out.—Reuter.

Russia Losing Her Grip

Bombay, July 14. An Indian member of Parliament said today he had seen the East Berlin riots last month, and Russia had "no alternative but to withdraw from Eastern Europe." He said Dr. Satyanarayan Sinha, who was speaking at a reception by the Bombay City Congress Committee. Dr. Sinha said the Berlin riots had shown that Russia was losing her grip over Eastern Europe and the "130 divisions of the satellite army" in East European countries were unreliable. Dr. Sinha said Russia now realized that it was "not possible to infiltrate into different parts of the world simultaneously." Even the Chinese may soon have to withdraw from Tibet, he said.—Reuter.

Reds Launch A Major Assault

Seoul, July 14. A briefing officer said last night that the Chinese launched a major attack in the sector east of Snipers Ridge and west of the Pukhan River early in the night. Reports from the area were scattered but apparently over 25,000 Chinese started the drive at 10 p.m. local time on July 13. An estimated two Chinese divisions launched the vicious massive attack against the Allied positions. The briefing officer said the battle was still in full swing two hours past midnight Korean time and only scattered reports from the area were available. They said that more than 25,000 Chinese suddenly hit the Allied positions in the area just east of Snipers Ridge. The attack was in the general area where the last few days' regimental and battalion size attacks had been reported, the briefing officer said. The briefing officer said the Chinese were attacking on approximately a 15-mile front along a major portion of the central front. The front runs approximately from Snipers Ridge in the west via the Finger Ridge area to positions west of the Pukhan. The briefing officer said no further information about the attack was available except that at least two Chinese divisions were committed and even probably a little more than two divisions.—Reuter.

Estonian President In Disgrace?

Stockholm, July 13. Baltic sources here believe that the President of the Estonian Supreme Soviet, Mr. August Jakobson, has fallen into disgrace. Tallin Radio reported today that Mr. Jakobson did not preside yesterday over the traditional annual gathering in Kariorg Castle of boys and girls, who have just matriculated. His place was taken by Mr. Paussepp, Vice-President of the Supreme Soviet. Mr. Jakobson, an author by profession and a Stalin literature prize winner, has presided over gatherings regularly since the war. Tallin Radio gave no reason for his absence this year. Communist Party meetings in collective farms, factories, offices and schools throughout the three Soviet republics of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania today passed resolutions branding Beria as a "bourgeois renegade," local radios reported. Speakers urged the Supreme Soviet court to "show extreme severity to Beria and sentence him to the sharpest possible punishment."—Reuter.

Mayor Of Manila Foils Arrest Order

Manila, July 14. The Philippines Defence Minister, Mr. Oscar Castelo, last night ordered government troops to arrest the Mayor of Manila, Arsenio Lacson, for rebellion and an attempt on Castelo's life. About 100 troops had surrounded the Shellborne Hotel and almost clashed with police under Mayor Lacson's control. The incident was the latest in a long standing dispute between Oscar Castelo and the Opposition Nacionalista Party leaders. Castelo, who was staying at the hotel, claimed Lacson had tried to assassinate him. He said he called the government troops because of Lacson's assassination attempt and would now file charges against the Mayor at Manila Court today. Lacson said he went to the hotel to interview a scar-faced youth who was suspected of murdering a "star witness" against Castelo in bribery charges which have been brought against him by Nacionalista Party Senators. The witness was shot dead in a Manila house on June 18. Lacson said the youth "was ready to confess" when Castelo's security police interrupted him. He said he did not know Castelo was in the hotel at the time.—Reuter.

Four Survivors Rescued

Northolt, Virginia, July 13. A United States Navy Martin seaplane, with eleven men on board crashed and sank in the Atlantic Ocean today, 25 miles west of Cape Henry. Navy and Coastguard planes reported an hour after the crash that a life raft with four survivors had been spotted.—Reuter.

Anglo-Egyptian Tension

ALL QUIET IN ISMAILIA LAST NIGHT

Ismailia, July 13. All was quiet in Ismailia tonight. No major incidents were reported in the dimly-lit town. Most people remained in their houses despite a noticeable easing of tension. Among those arrested here today by Egyptian police, as a precautionary measure, was Mr. Ahmed Abdulla, a former Senator who is a contractor to the British military authorities. British steel-ringed Ismailia and paratroopers today began searching Egyptian vehicles for clues to a missing airman, whose disappearance has raised sudden new Anglo-Egyptian tension.

General Mohammed Naguib called emergency meetings of his Cabinet and Revolutionary Council. He was said by Egyptian sources to have refused to receive Mr. Robert Hankey, British Charge d'Affaires, who was accused by Major Salah Salem, Minister of National Guidance, of "engineering" the situation. Mr. Hankey talked for an hour with the Foreign Minister, Mahmoud Fawzy, instead. The United States Ambassador, Mr. Jefferson Caffery, who has been in Alexandria for a few days, flew back to Cairo to meet the Egyptian Foreign Minister. The crisis blew up after the Egyptians had rejected a demand by Lieutenant-General Sir Francis Festing, Commanding British troops in the Canal Zone for the release of the airman, alleged to have been abducted by Egyptians in a car. The Egyptians replied that they knew nothing of the man. When a two-hour approach to the British received a flat rejection of their demand and British troops went into action. All Egyptians attempting to leave or enter Ismailia were being checked. Britain's grave view of the new Anglo-Egyptian crisis was voiced by the Minister of State, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, in Parliament after this morning's Cabinet meeting. He said "urgent representations" were being made to the Egyptian government, where Minister for National Guidance, Major Salah Salem, had broadcast to the Egyptian people, calling for a "liberation battle." Mr. Robert Hankey, British Charge d'Affaires who flew from the Canal Zone to Cairo last night, was said to have reported to London after his meeting with the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Mahmoud Fawzy, this morning. Mr. Hankey reportedly explained the measures General Festing put into operation when the Egyptian authorities rejected the demand for Ridgen's return. The report also told of previous representations to the Egyptian government regarding the kidnapping of British personnel in Ismailia.—United Press.

TRAFFIC SEARCHES After the British deadline of 9 a.m. today for the return of the airman, Festing put into action a "prepared plan." Full and road traffic was searched for arms and clues. Emergency measures, such as strengthening of police patrols, came into effect as at times of stress they do automatically under the already existing state of martial law.

After the Egyptian Cabinet meeting, Major Salem said "Ministers were given details concerning the battle being conducted by the British Empire." At British Military Headquarters in Moscow the steps taken were described as "purely routine precautionary measures" and "in no way retaliation for the abduction of Leading Aircraftman A.V. Ridgen." The spokesman added: "There is nothing horrifying about the action we have taken. The precautionary measures are intended to prevent further disappearances of British servicemen, which we have experienced in recent weeks." Britain's Canal Zone measures today included creation of new checkpoints on main roads leading into Ismailia from Cairo, Port Said and Suez. Traffic was down to a trickle.—Reuter.

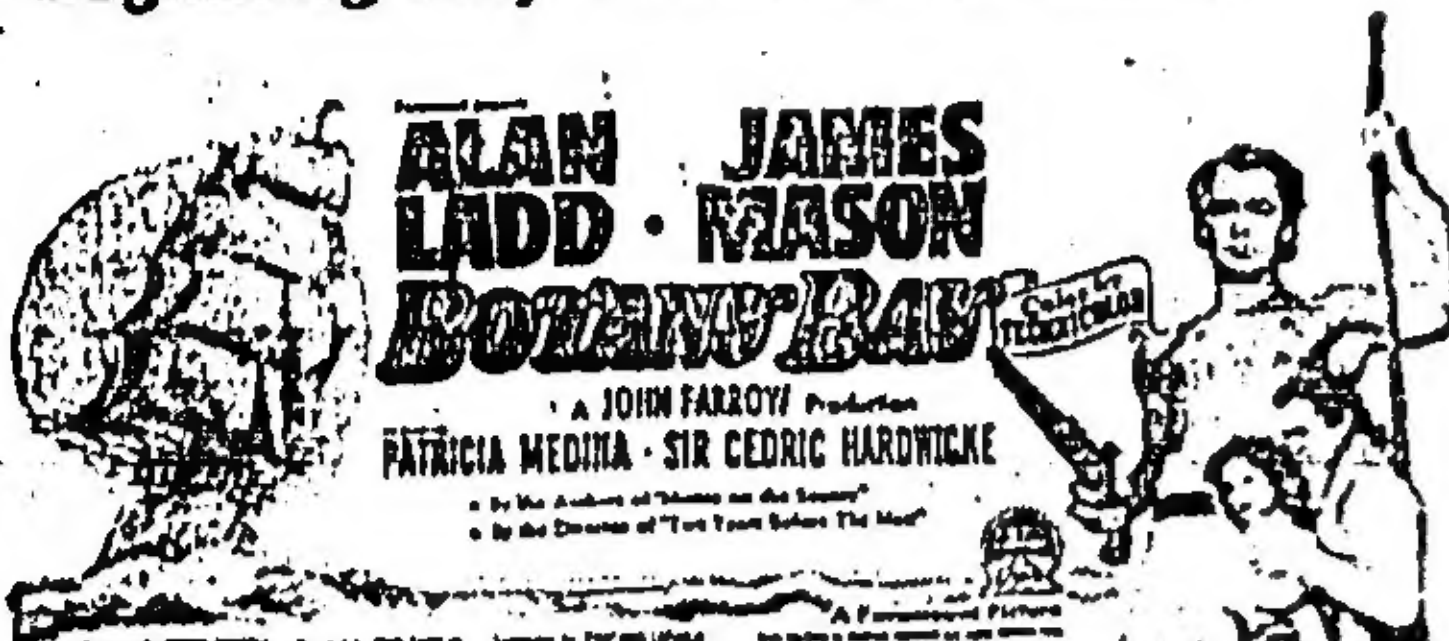
The Completely New **dodge** for 1953
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KING'S PRINCESS EMPIRE

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m. AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

This is the Story of the Birth of a Nation — Australia — Perhaps the Most Unusual Beginning Any Nation Ever Had.



ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

PRINCE22 NEXT CHANGE

TO-MORROW & THURSDAY
RETURN ENGAGEMENT BY REQUEST



TO-DAY ONLY MAJESTIC AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



TO-MORROW! "STREETS OF SORROW"

KING'S MAJESTIC COMMENCING TO-MORROW



SHOWING Cathay AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

FOLK SONGS AND DANCES PERFORMED BY
THE WORLD'S YOUTH MEETING IN BERLIN!



A Joint 'Mosfilm' & German Democratic Production
Also—"The European Basket Ball Championship"

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VICTOR HUGO'S

"LES MISERABLES" An Italian Picture
English Dialogue

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30-5.30-7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
A Very Interesting Chinese Film in Mandarin Dialogue



A TORS JLY

Japanese Security Force:
10 Division Objective IsMcCARTHY
FINDS A
NEW PLOT

Washington, July 13. Senator Joseph R. McCarthy said today that he is turning over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation evidence that officials of the "State Department under Dean Acheson" collected \$160,000 from a "friendly foreign nation" in a "shake-down" plot.

The Wisconsin Republican made the statement after his Senate Investigating Subcommittee had questioned an unidentified witness for an hour behind closed doors.

Mr. McCarthy said that the "shake-down" was submitted to by the foreign nation "to get consideration that it was entitled to anyway."

He said that he could not give the details nor name the nation or the United States officials involved.

Mr. McCarthy said that he had conferred with the State Department after hearing the witness and had agreed with the Department that the matter should be referred to the FBI.

Mr. McCarthy did not know how many people were involved in the "shake-down" but that the money apparently was paid.

He said that the witness, who was not recognized by newsmen and who would not give his identity, "gave documents and sworn testimony" regarding the case.

Mr. McCarthy could not reveal the approximate date of the "shake-down" or the nature of the "consideration" involved.—United Press.

Increase In Fares

New York, July 13.

The New York City Transit Authority announced today a five-cent increase in fares on its underground railway and bus routes to 15 cents, from July 25.—Reuter.

CAPITOL LIBERTY

TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

ELIZABETH TAYLOR

FERNANDO LAMAS

THE GIRL WHO HAD EVERYTHING

Next Change

"Small Town Girl"

Don't Forget To Pick Up Your Questions When You Buy Your Tickets!

(Details appearing in hand bills)

EMPIRE

Commencing To-morrow

FOR THOSE WHO MISSED IT AND ARE ANXIOUS TO SEE IT WE BRING BACK

OSCAR WILDE'S CLASSIC COMEDY

THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST

STUDENTS HALF PRICE

Purely Tentative
STATEMENT BY DULLES

Washington, July 13.

Mr. John Foster Dulles, United States Secretary of State, made it clear today that the United States goal of 10 divisions—350,000 men—for the Japanese home security force was a tentative long-range goal and depended on the wishes of the Japanese Government itself.

Mr. Dulles issued a formal statement today in which he said a wrong interpretation had been placed on his statements before the Senate Appropriations Committee last week when he mentioned the 10-division goal.

Deaf Drivers
Not To Blame:
Proof Sought

Deaf drivers in Britain—
it is estimated there are
350—have formed an association.

One of their intentions is to collect statistics to prove that deaf drivers have good records and to prove their claim that deafness is not a cause of road accidents.

The association secretary, Mr. J. R. A. Spaulding, said, "It appears that only in America are there reliable figures to support the belief that deaf drivers are not a cause of accidents."

"Now it is suggested that we should check on the driving records of all our members."

Reminder
Needed?

London, July 13.

Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, said, in answer to a question in the House of Commons today that no reply had been received from the Russians to the British note of June 11 on an Austrian State treaty.

His questioner, Mr. Ernest Davies, a Labour Party member, then asked the Minister whether he would remind Russia that a reply was still awaited in view of the repeated Soviet statements that they saw no reason why the question of an Austrian treaty should not be settled through diplomatic channels.

Mr. Lloyd said: "I think there is no doubt on the part of the Soviet Union about our awaiting a reply, but I will certainly consider sending them a further reminder."—Reuter.

Foot And Mouth

Rome, July 13.

European members of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation are meeting today to discuss setting up a commission to stamp out foot and mouth disease.

Foot and mouth disease cost European countries about £140,000,000 last year.—Reuter.

STAR

TO-DAY ONLY

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE LIVES & LOVES OF GI'S IN ITALY

"TERRIFYING, DRAMATIC IMPACT"—Life.

"PAISAN"

English Dialogue

An Italian Picture

POP

WHEN YOUR STAGED TELEVISION PROGRAMMES SEEM—WHY DON'T YOU GIVE ME A PART IN THE PROGRAMME?

WHY SHOULD I?

IT WOULD BE MY MORE SETS!

I AGREE TO SELL MY SETS FOR A START!

Beyond compare

Something new under the sun ZEISS UMBRAL LENSES

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

Specialist

Hongkong Kowloon

The Importance of Being Earnest

STUDENTS HALF PRICE

Battle
Of
Butter

Berlin, July 13. The Soviet and American occupation authorities clashed in a "battle of butter" today with hungry East Germans in between and bitter over the Russian refusal to accept President Eisenhower's food offer.

Despite the Russian and Communist East German government's scornful refusal of help, a consignment of dried milk was expected to leave New York for Germany in a few days.

The Russians were striving mightily to offset the American offer. The East German Food Minister, Kurt Wach, announced that supplies of margarine would be quadrupled in the third quarter of 1953 and that the Government had set aside the equivalent of US\$40,000,000 to place increased supplies of meat and fish on the markets.

In addition, he said, enough oil would be distributed to meet consumers' requirements.

"NO GOOD"

The Communist Party newspaper Neue Deutschland said the American food offer was not any good anyway. It said President Eisenhower's offer meant only four American frankfurters for each person—"American frankfurters which are only one-fourth as thick as a German frankfurter and taste like paste."

Meanwhile, there was mounting speculation that East Germany might get a new Soviet High Commissioner, both as a result of the East German uprising and because the old one was too close to the fallen Russian Security Minister, Lavrent Beria.

The High Commissioner, Vladimir Semyonov, was recalled to Moscow a fortnight ago and has not returned, although he had been due back last week.

No new date has been set for his return, informants said.—United Press.

Allegation
Denied In
Canberra

Canberra, July 13.

The External Affairs Minister, Mr. Richard Casey, issued a statement today denying allegations by the former High Commissioner to Ceylon, Mr. John Burton, that Australia is jeopardizing its position in Asia by continuing to support policies of racial discrimination in South Africa against India.

Mr. Casey said that Mr. Burton had misrepresented what had occurred in South Africa at a dinner given by the Prime Minister Dr. Daniel Malan, for Australia's Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies.

Mr. Casey said that Australia followed a policy of friendship toward Ceylon as demonstrated by the Colombo Plan.

He added that relations between India and Australia were friendly and that Mr. Burton was trying to stir up resentment.—United Press.

New Factory In
Philippines

Manila, July 13.

The Philippine Government announced that Reynolds Metals Company of the United States was establishing a 3,000,000 pesos aluminium factory here within three months with an initial production of 8,500,000 lbs.

Reynolds, reputedly the world's largest aluminium producer, invited Philippine capitalists to join the venture, which Reynolds is expected to expand as soon as cheap power is available from the Philippines Government's Maria Christina hydro-electric plant in Mindanao.—Reuter.

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

TO-DAY ONLY

YUNG HWA presents

"SINGING UNDER
THE MOON"

Starring LAM DOI

A Chinese Picture

TO-MORROW
at
QUEEN'SONE DAY ONLY
"THE SEVENTH VEIL"
JAMES MASON • ANN TODDTO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30
& 9.40 P.M.GALA PREMIERE
TO-MORROW At 9.30 p.m. "SOUND BARRIER"

GREAT WORLD

TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

GALA PREMIERE
TO-MORROW At 9.30 p.m. "SOUND BARRIER"

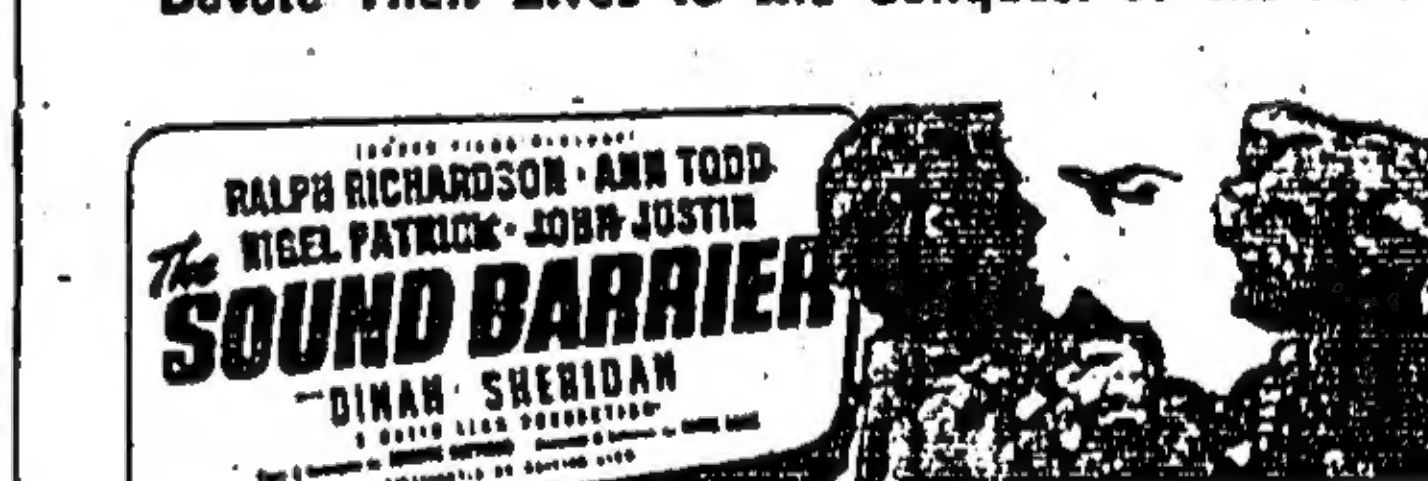
GREAT WORLD

GALA PREMIERE

TO-MORROW

AT 9.30 P.M.

The Breath-taking Story of the Man Who
Devoted Their Lives to the Conquest of the Air!

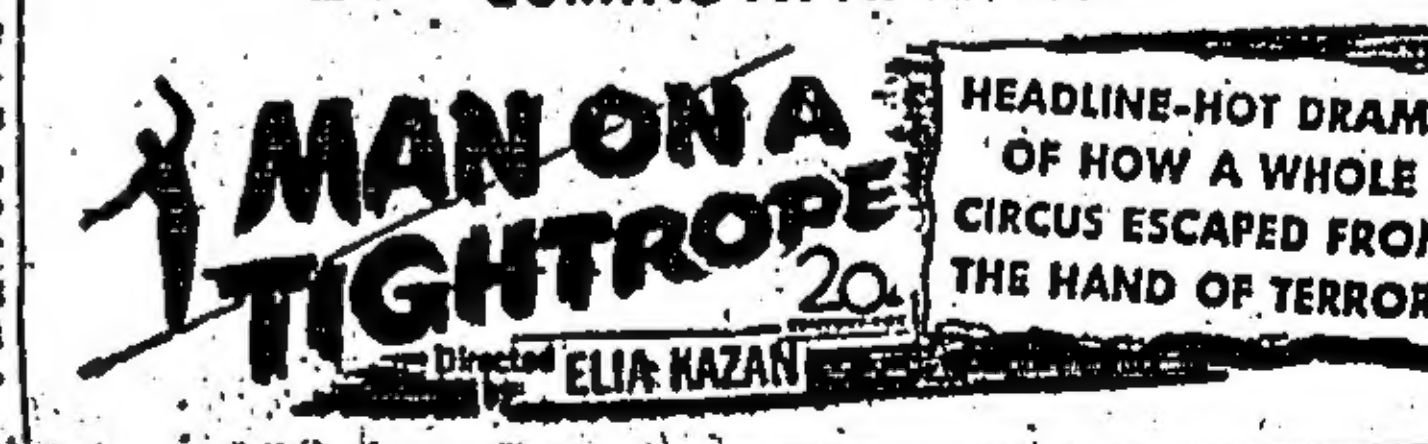


ROXY & BROADWAY

Commencing To-day At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.



COMING ATTRACTION

HEADLINE-HOT DRAMA
OF HOW A WHOLE
CIRCUS ESCAPED FROM
THE HAND OF TERROR!

Directed by ELIA KAZAN

RHEE'S PLEDGE TO U.S.

Several Points Still To Be Settled American Sources Expecting Favourable Red Reaction

Tokyo, July 14.
The Assistant-Secretary of State, Mr. Walter Robertson, leaves for Washington today carrying with him a written pledge from the Korean President Syngman Rhee not to interfere in a Korean truce for about six months.

Communist reaction to the Rhee promise may become known when the full truce negotiations resume their Panmunjom meetings at 11 a.m. today (Tuesday), although it usually takes them somewhat longer to react to a United Nations move.

An informed source said that the Reds were told of the Rhee pledge at yesterday's 42-minute session. The Reds' answer may determine whether or when they will be ready to sign a Korean truce.

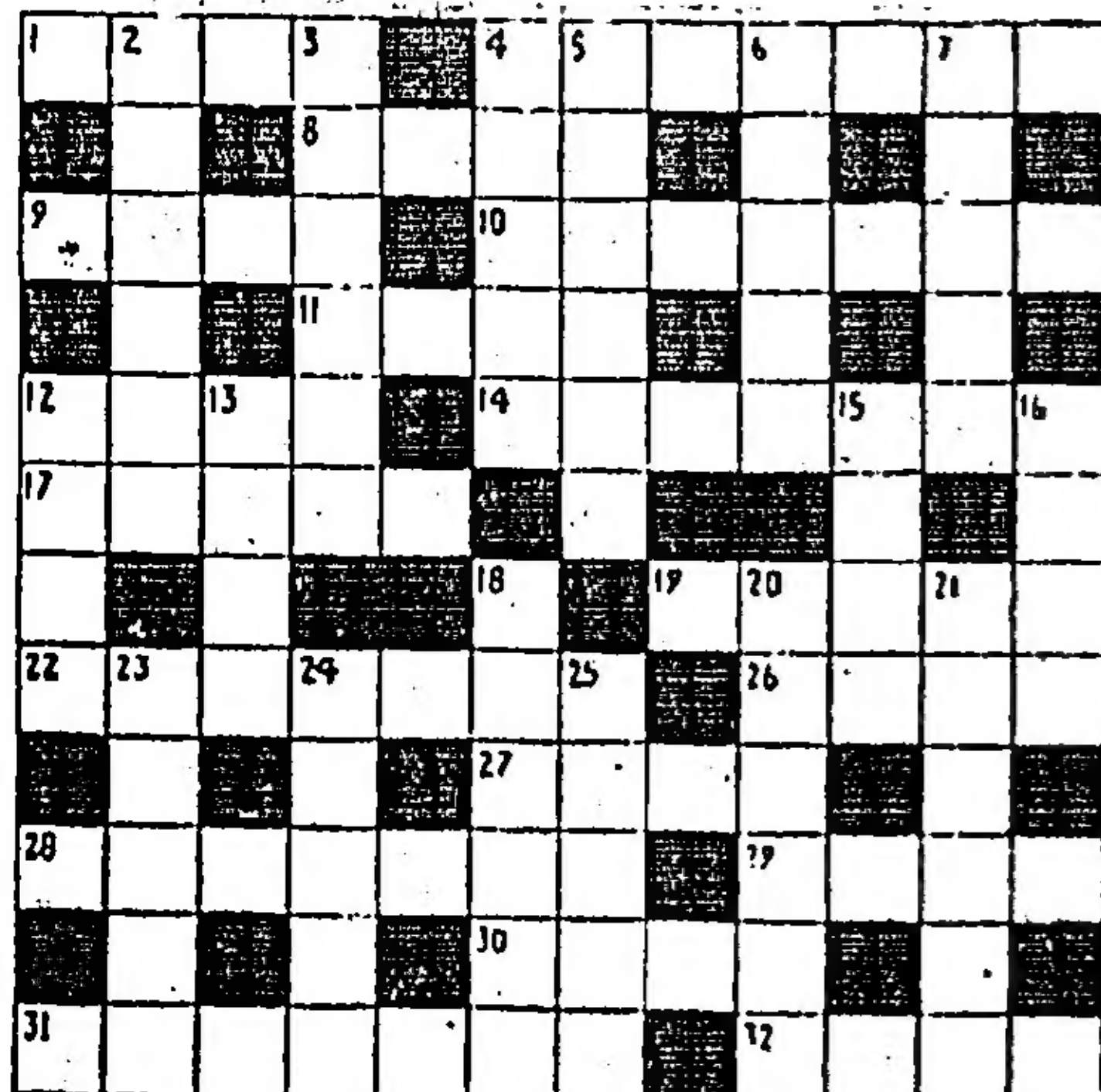
U.S. Tribute To Japan

New York, July 13.
Mr. Clayton Shoemaker, President of the Dow Chemical Company Ltd., arrived in New York by air today from Paris after completing a world trip of three months during which he made surveys of political and economic conditions in European countries, the Near and Far East.

ATLANTIC FLIGHTS CANCELLED

New York, July 13.
The continued strike of navigators of the Trans-World Airlines has caused a cancellation of two of the company's five trans-Atlantic flights scheduled for today.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Twist out of shape (4).
 - Attacks (7).
 - Rim (4).
 - Object of worship (4).
 - Obvious (4).
 - Solitary (4).
 - Attraction (4).
 - Had confidence in (7).
 - Angry (5).
 - Song (5).
 - Withdrawal (7).
 - Departed (4).
 - Half (4).
 - Vegetables (7).
 - Increased (4).
 - Engrave (4).
 - Difficult questions (7).
 - Rubbish (slang) (4).
- DOWN**
- Zeal (6).
 - Small shot (6).
 - Representative (5).
 - Hair (6).
 - S. American mountains (5).
 - Thrust forward (5).
 - Escape (4).
 - Estimate (4).
 - Hunt (4).
 - Blockhead (4).
 - Cigarette (slang) (6).
 - Come down to earth (6).
 - Fondle (4).
 - Escape (slang) (5).
 - Penal (5).
 - Trials (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1 Canada, 5 Police, 8 Upper, 9 Lumber, 10 Label, 11 Limit, 12 Edna, 13 Cense, 16 Morass, 18 Teuton, 20 Spent, 22 Bill, 23 Sloop, 25 Zerk, 26 Tent, 27 Grate, 28 Means, 29 Elders, Down: 1 College, 2 Nominate, 3 Duel, 4 Apricot, 6 Felleen, 7 Sheds, 14 Aspirate, 15 Enamates, 16 Mulders, 17 Rosette, 18 Ensign, 21 Piece, 24 Peel.

Princess At A Wedding



Princess Margaret is seen here on one of her last public appearances before leaving England for her tour of Southern Rhodesia. The occasion was the wedding at Christ Church, Oxford, of Lady Rosemary Spencer-Churchill, daughter of the Duke of Marlborough, and Mr. Robin Muir. Lady Rosemary was one of the Queen's Maids of Honour at the Coronation.—Central Press Photo.

Minister Of State Deals With An 'Innocent' Question

London, July 13.
A breath of Princess Margaret's rumoured romance with Group Captain Peter Townsend reached the floor of the House of Commons today as all Britain took sides on whether she should be allowed to marry the divorced airman.

A Labour Member, Mr. Emrys Hughes, entered the growing controversy by "innocently" asking the House how many new Attaches have been appointed to foreign governments since June 1.

It was Captain Townsend's sudden appointment to be Air Attache in Brussels, effective before Princess Margaret gets back on Friday from the Royal tour of Rhodesia, which first brought the rumours of their romance into the open.

The Minister of State, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, stiffly told Mr. Hughes that "seven" Services Attaches had been appointed since June 1 and that four approved beforehand had taken up their posts. All were filling existing vacancies, he said.

"Is he aware that recently it was explained it was the policy of the Government to economise in their foreign attaches and is there any really good reason why there should be a new Air Attache appointed to Brussels where there is already a considerable diplomatic staff?" Mr. Hughes countered quickly in elaborate Parliamentary language.

Mr. Lloyd replied, "There was an Air Attache at Brussels and he is being replaced at the present time and in the view of the Government it is necessary to have such an officer in that post."

The Speaker quickly passed on to the next question. Meanwhile, the Independent newspaper the Star announced its contribution to the growing public debate over divorce and re-marriage which has sprung up around the Princess and the pilot.

Sir Alan Herbert, a former Member of Parliament and a pioneer of British divorce reform, will write an article tomorrow on "The Church and Divorce."—United Press.

The Progressive Party publication accused the Government of conveniently glossing over the manner in which it had been "fooling" with the Pava Lebar airport project for seven years.

The newspaper said the Chiang Kai-shek airport "scandal" could be blamed on the Colony's Administration.

It said: "The Chang Kai-shek airport, the flitting with Tongkah (airfield) and the patchwork at Kallang (airport) are facts which the public will not forget."

"We would remind the Government that the full facts concerning this scandal have never been made public, not has the Government rendered an account to the taxpayer of the huge losses said to have been incurred. We want to know the facts."—United Press.

Rule By Committee Survives Liquidation Of Lavrenti Beria

London, July 13.
The Russian leaders' sharp switch from personal dictatorship to rule by committee after Stalin's death appears to have survived the liquidation of Lavrenti Beria, number two in the Kremlin hierarchy.

The Soviet press and radio has continued to extol the virtues of joint policy-making since last week's announcement of the downfall of the police chief.

In the Kremlin itself the immediate effect of Beria's removal may have been to strengthen M. Georgi Malenkov, the Prime Minister, diplomatic quarters believe.

But it has also built up the position of Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, who controls the Red Army. The Communist Party has a strong grip on the army through its political commissars, but Malenkov may soon find himself more dependent than he would like to be on Bulganin, it is felt here.

It is clear that Malenkov could not have got rid of Beria without the backing of the generals.

At a lower level, Beria's fall is likely to have its repercussions in two of the republics comprising the Soviet Union—Georgia and the Ukraine—where recent political changes are believed to have been concessions to nationalist feeling brought about by Beria.

Today's edition of Pravda, Soviet Communist newspaper, takes several local party leaders to task by name. These men, Comrades Znamenskiy, Stetsenko, Onuchin and others, may be only the first to suffer in a new shake-down and purge in the Soviet Union.

Pravda calls the plenary sessions of party committees now being held in union republics a "powerful demonstration of the steel-like unity of party ranks closely rallied around the Party Central Committee."

Supreme principle. Beria is singled out for abuse but no one man, not even Malenkov, receives special attention.

"The supreme principle of party leadership in our party lies in collective leadership," Pravda continues. "Decisions made by one man are always or almost always one-sided decisions. The party teaches us that only collective political experience ensures the correctness of party leadership."

It quotes Stalin as stating that "the ability to act collectively and readiness to subjugate the will of individuals to the collective will is true party courage."

This emphasis on collective leadership is aimed specifically at local party leaders who have exceeded their powers. But Izyvestiya, the Government paper, recently stated the same principle to the highest level.

"The party not only teaches the masses but learns from the masses," it declared.

On the day Beria's fall was announced Pravda listed collective leadership as one of the political lessons to be drawn from the case.

This principle fully responds to the well-known statements of Marx on the harm and impermissibility of the cult of personality, Pravda declared.

There followed the charge that Beria was scheming to seize power and put the Home Ministry above the party and the Government.

Second only to the personal struggle between Malenkov and Beria for supreme power, and their mutual fear of extermination may have been differences of policy towards the outlying republics of the Soviet Union, it is believed in London.

This would explain the charges against Beria of encouraging bourgeois nationalism and trying to "drive a wedge" between the peoples of the Soviet Union as well as his description as "a new Tito."

Russian Move Fails

London, July 13.
The 35-nation World Sugar Conference today rejected a move to invite Communist China and East Germany to join its discussion.

Russia made the proposal to invite Communist China and East Germany to join its discussion. The United States opposed it and the proposal was lost by 15 votes to five.

Poland then tried to get East Germany invited but this too failed—by 23 votes to three.

The conference is aimed primarily at stabilising beet sugar, cane sugar and molasses prices on the world market.

Eleven other countries and five international organisations are represented by observers at the private talks at which delegates are trying to work out a new world commodity agreement on sugar.

Sir Wilfrid Eady of Britain was elected chairman of the conference which is expected to last for about six weeks.

The International Sugar Council considers that a commodity agreement offers the best means of dealing with present world sugar market difficulties. The 1937 world sugar agreement lapsed on August 31 last year after several extensions had prolonged its life since 1944.

NEW PROTOCOL.
A protocol now extending the agreement to 1954 would terminate it in the meantime. A new international sugar agreement is negotiated.

A Council spokesman said the conference would meet in a plenary session tomorrow and would then set up several sub-committees to examine commodity agreement problems.

Nations with delegations at the talks are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Britain, Canada, Ceylon, Nationalist China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, France, West Germany, Greece, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland, United States, Soviet Union and Yugoslavia.

Observer countries are Chile, Costa Rica, Hungary, Italy, New Zealand, Pakistan, South Africa, Sweden, Syria, Thailand and Turkey.—Reuter.

Its magnification is twice that of the recent 40-inch lens, three of which the company supplied to the BBC earlier this year, and for which the claim was made that it could "spot a fly on the nose of a man half a mile away." During one test, the lens was used to show a three-mile-long railway on the monitor screen in clear detail.

The idea of producing an even larger lens originated when a BBC official returned from a United States tour having seen a 60-inch lens in use on a television camera.

Marconi was asked to assist and, in co-operation with a British optical firm, devised it.—United Press.

Sultan's Cousin Takes Over

The little antique shop in Ridgeway, Westcliff, always had the usual number of things in it... an old warming pan, carved furniture, ornaments of another century, and glassware.

People wondered why—until they learned that the new owner of the shop was the cousin of the Sultan of Johore. She is Mrs. R. H. B. Fleming, who first came to Britain when a girl. She returned to Malaya and there married.

Now she is back in this country with her husband, a banker. "I have always been interested in antiques and, as my children have now all grown up, I have decided to devote my time to this little shop," she said.

Aborigines In Formosa
Governor O. K. Yui announced today the provincial government is working on a five-year programme to bring civilisation and high living standards to 140,000 aborigines of seven tribes living in the mountains of Formosa.

The first draft of the programme drawn up by the old legislature has been completed and will be implemented early next year. Upon completion of the programme, he said, aborigines living in the mountains will lose their backward character and become an integral part of the Formosan population.—United Press.

Orthodox Church Fears Trap

Beirut, July 13.
Officials of the Orthodox Greek Church, alarmed by repeated Russian overtures of friendship, are suspicious that the recent declaration by the Patriarch of Moscow that the Orthodox Church of Bulgaria is entirely free from Russian influence may be just another trap baited for them.

High ecclesiastical sources point out that Russia proclaimed the Orthodox Church of Czechoslovakia free in 1945 without consulting anyone, and that this Church is still not recognised by several Orthodox Patriarchs, including the supreme Patriarch of Istanbul.

The Patriarch of Pragens and Sofia are "highly bewildered" and merely political tools, the sources say.

The Greek Orthodox Church itself is divided into two parts—Apostolical Churches founded

by the disciples of Christ and Ordinary Churches founded later on. The difference between the two types of Greek Orthodox Church is both historical and moral, but although Istanbul Church is not one of Apostolical branch, its patriarch is the first of the Greek Church and it ranks as the sect's Premier Church. Among the privileges which the Patriarch of Istanbul holds are those of precedence over all the other patriarchs and the summing up of the Ecumenical Council, the Church's final legislative assembly which has not met since the fourth century.

A high official of the Church thought the object of the Communists in making such friendly overtures to the Church was to win control of the Church council which will elect the presidency of the Church. How, however, he added, a friendly alliance between the Presbyterian, Anglican and Orthodox Churches seemed far more likely.—United Press.

The official added that her pre-eminence in world politics entitled her to preference over Istanbul, especially as that city is not an Apostolical Church, but was made the head of the sect for political reasons many centuries ago. Patriarch Arinagoras of Istanbul, formerly archbishop of the Greek community in North America, is the main target for the Russians at the moment, the official said. He is sometimes called the "Greek Spellman."

The Russians are also studying the possibility of creating an Orthodox Church in Red China, the official said, though no direct confirmation of this could be obtained from other sources. With the Orthodox Church at present on none too friendly terms with the Vatican, the temptation is great, he said, to turn its face to Moscow. However, he added, a friendly alliance between the Presbyterian, Anglican and Orthodox Churches seemed far more likely.—United Press.

Singapore Airport Furore

Singapore, July 13.
The Singapore Government has prevented the air centre of the Far East, the Progressive Party charged in its monthly newsletter published during the week-end.

The letter said that lack of air facilities in Singapore is holding up expansion of the Comet services to Australia.

The airfields at Rangoon and Bangkok, it said, are excellent examples of post-war construction in this part of the world.

The Progressive Party publication accused the Government of conveniently glossing over the manner in which it had been "fooling" with the Pava Lebar airport project for seven years.

The newsletter said the Chiang Kai-shek airport "scandal" could be blamed on the Colony's Administration.

It said: "The Chang Kai-shek airport, the flitting with Tongkah (airfield) and the patchwork at Kallang (airport) are facts which the public will not forget."

"We would remind the Government that the full facts concerning this scandal have never been made public, not has the Government rendered an account to the taxpayer of the huge losses said to have been incurred. We want to know the facts."—United Press.

Chieftain On Rampage

Aden, July 13.
Sheikh Mohamed Shaker al-Mansoori, tribesman chieftain of the Mansoori tribe, is reported to be raiding the frontiers of the Subeiti country at the head of 40 determined followers.

Although no serious damage has been done, the raids are said to be creating trouble and insecurity in the region.

Sheikh al-Mansoori fled the Yemen last January with 500 Subeiti natives and their families. A month later, however, the natives returned with the exception of 40, who are said to be dedicated to his cause.—United Press.

A CENTURY OF ROYAL TRAINS

By PETER LOVEGROVE

Queen Victoria bestowed the accolade of respectability on railway travel 111 years ago when she became the first British reigning monarch to make a train journey. The Queen had been nervous about it, and it was only after much persuasion and reassurance from the Prince Consort that she decided to go from Slough to Paddington, a journey which took 25 minutes.

Her recklessness was attacked by some newspapers, one even hinting at the inadvisability of risking another regency with the country in its state then, while Colonel Sibthorpe, MP for Lincoln, voiced his disapproval in the House of Commons.

The Queen's saloon, built by the Great Western Railway, was handsomely decorated with hanging sofas in the rich style of Louis XIV, and the walls were paneled out in the same elegant manner, and filled up with rich crimson and white silk and exquisitely executed paintings representing the four elements.

The end compartments were also fitted up in the same style, each apartment having in the centre an ornamental rosewood table, while the floors were covered with chequered Indian matting.

CORONATION EXHIBITION

Since that historic day, the great Queen and her descendants have made countless railway journeys, and to celebrate the Coronation of her great-granddaughter, the British Transport Commission has staged a fascinating exhibition of royal coaches and memories of royal journeys through the past century, which London has been seeing before it begins a tour of fourteen leading provincial towns. The Commission has also published an interesting booklet full of little-known facts on the subject.

The earliest carriage displayed is that of the 1842 "bed-carriage" in which the Dowager Queen Adelaide slept with her feet in a luggage boot extension made by raising an upholstered trapdoor at the rear of the compartment. There are also Queen Victoria's ornate saloons of 1869—the sides and ceilings are

quilted and covered in watered silk, and there is a double floor filled with cork and a very thick overlay of felt and deep-piled carpet to deaden the noise of running wheels. King Edward VII's luxurious rolling-stock of 1903, furnished like a royal yacht, which was used for nearly forty years with few alterations, until it was superseded by the present steel-coaches.

King Edward's saloon had silver-plated bedsteads and large, over-stuffed chair and large, polished tables and white enamel panels and mouldings. During World War One, silver-plated baths in teak casings were added.

DEFINITE IDEAS

Nowadays Royalty travels more simply. Only two Royal trains exist: one covers the journey between London and Balmoral, the other takes Royalty to Sandringham. When travelling in the south the Queen today uses a train of ordinary Pullman cars.

For all its demonstration of splendour in railway craftsmanship, perhaps the chief interest in this exhibition lies in its picture of royal travellers and its revelations about the character of Queen Victoria.

She had, as on so many things, very definite ideas about railway travel. She would never take a meal on a train. On trips from Windsor to Balmoral, everyone dined before starting out. At Banbury high tea was taken while the train was stopped, and then everyone retired for the whole night. At Perth the party tumbled out and had breakfast in the board room of the old Scottish North Eastern Railway, the food being brought in a special hand-trolley from the leading hotel.

SPEED OBJECTION

The Queen objected to speeds exceeding 40 miles per hour. "The Queen says the carriage is shaking like the devil," was the forthright message relayed on one occasion by her memorable servant, John Brown, to the general superintendent of the London and North Western Railway during a journey to Scotland in the 1870's—and speed was hastily reduced.

There is also a letter from Osborne in the exhibition from her quarry, the Hon. Alexander Gordon, which complains that a railway director had given "the gratuitous piece of information, which is very naturally alarmed Her Majesty, although it was probably incorrect, that the train had been driven at the rate of 60 miles an hour. If the train should lose time anywhere, do not try to make it up by travelling faster than the scheduled time. In other parts of the journey."

A coach built for her in 1880 carried a disk and crossbar signal on the roof so that her attendants could signal her wishes in this respect to the train officials.



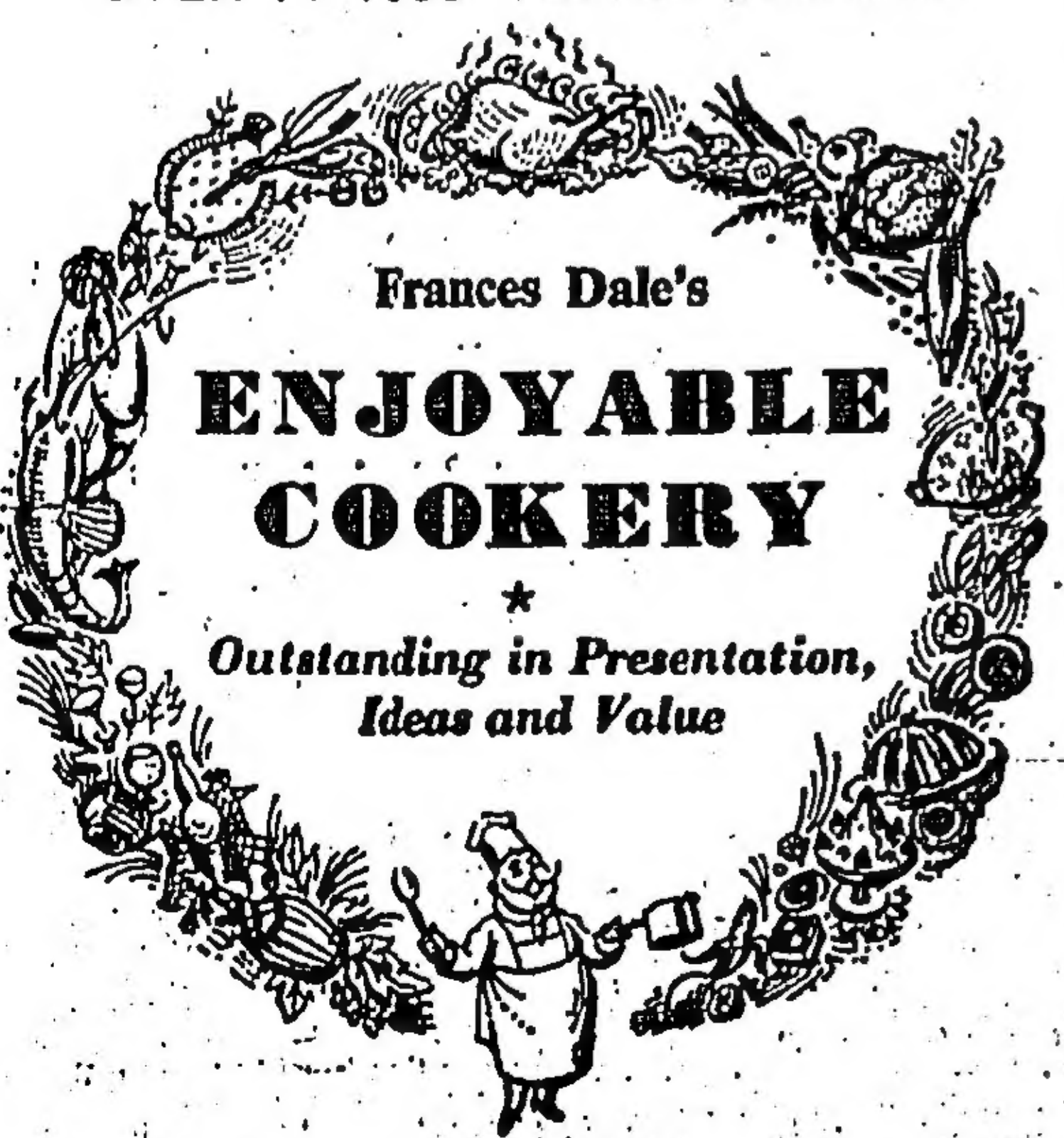
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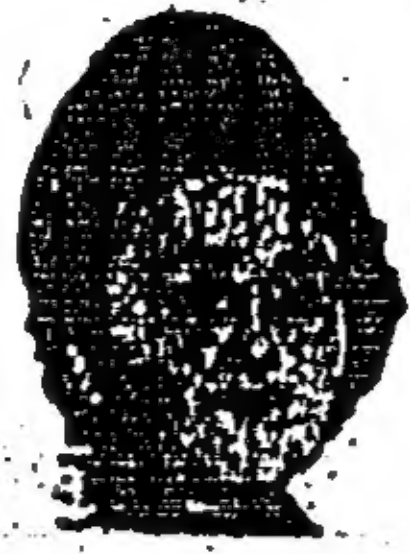
S. C. M. Post. HONGKONG AND KOWLOON.

Stanley Burch opens the ROSENBERG DOSSIER

Begins a 4-day narrative of the biggest spy case of our day—and one that mirrors the dilemma of a generation



JULIUS ROSENBERG



ETHEL ROSENBERG

IT was D-Day when the Rosenberg story opened.

While Eisenhower's troops were assaulting the beaches of Normandy a mild, hard-up young New York couple started on a course of conspiracy which gave to Russia the starkest of America's secrets—the secret of the atom bomb—and took the two of them at last to the electric chair.

So the Government charged and so the courts held—though the Rosenbergs denied the entire story from first to last.

The tale of intrigue and treachery told to the court by "informers" witnesses had all the twists of most fanciful spy fiction—the furtive rendezvous, the faked names, the secret passwords, the memorising of intricate formulas, the legation with newspapers and the fearful look over the shoulder.

At the centre of this web of espionage were the Rosenbergs, Julius, unimpressive, gentle-looking man with a thin streak of a moustache and thick, rimless eyeglasses; and Ethel, his tiny dark-eyed wife.

MARRIAGE

Julius grew up with parents who were immigrants from Russia in a section of Manhattan that was an emblem of poverty and struggle—"Lower East Side."

In 1939 he graduated as an electrical engineer from fashionable New York City College and married Ethel Greenglass whom he had been dating since they were in high school together.

This girl of five feet and just seven stone was, like her bridegroom, a product of that depressed region of riverside, and like him, a second generation American; her father came from Russia, her mother from Austria.

Ethel had studied singing and modern dancing, but had earned

her living in an office. With second-hand furniture, but high hopes, they set up home in a low-rent three-roomed flat in New York, raised two baby boys, Michael and Robert, while Julius worked as a civilian employee of the Army's Signal Corps.

In 1945 they sacked him on the accusation that he was a member of the Communist Party, and he went unprosperously into business in a series of machine shops. On June 17, 1950—when he was 32—FBI men came to arrest him and, later, his wife, two years older, on a charge that they had conspired to transmit defence secrets to Russia through the Soviet vice-consul, Anatol Yakovlev.

BROTHER

Julius was declared to have been the master agent of a labyrinth of "sources" and "couriers" that stretched all over the United States, but in particular reached that hush-hush Los Alamos plant in the desert of New Mexico where the bomb (T and B) was made.

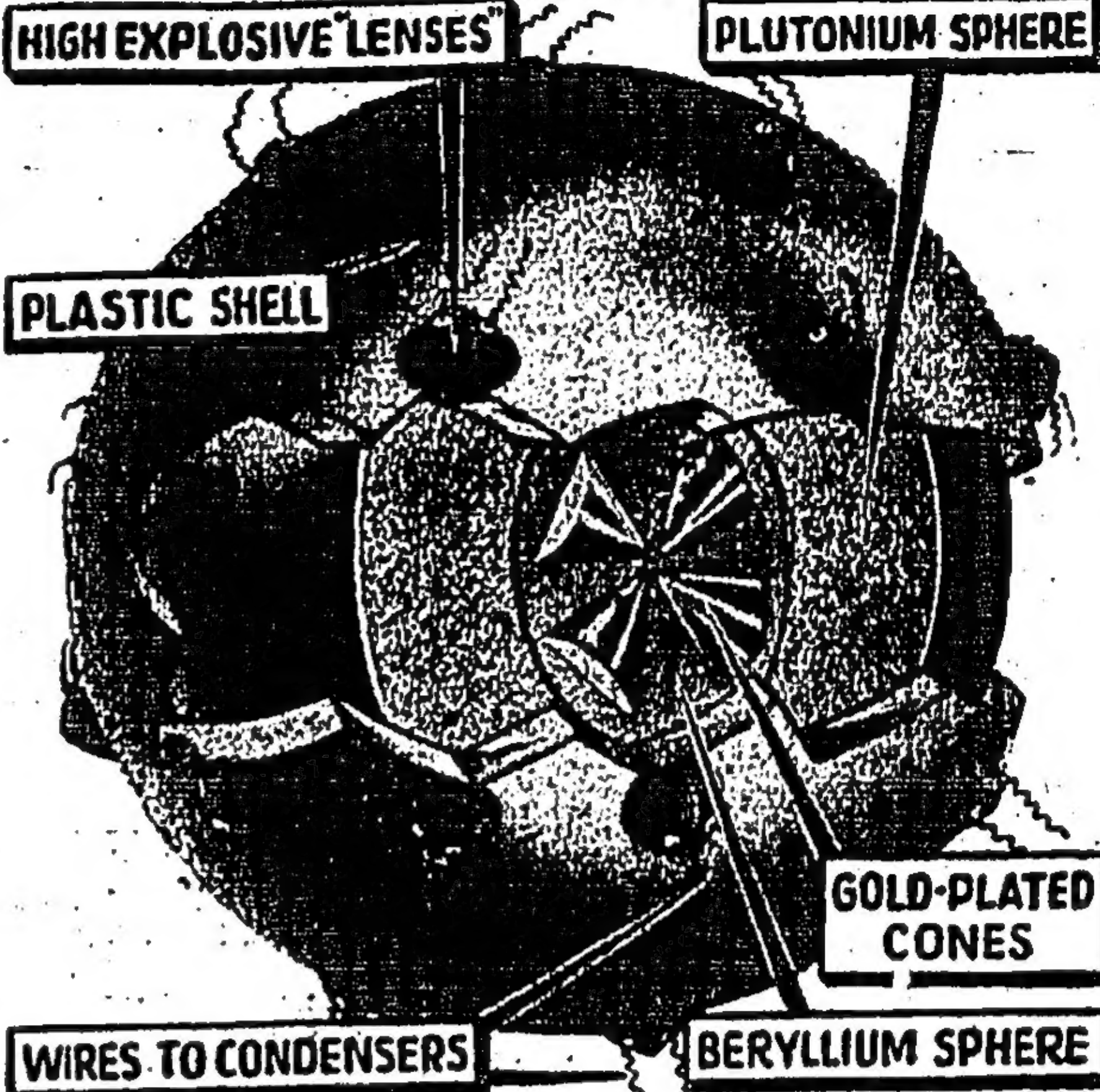
And at Los Alamos it was Ethel's own brother David Greenglass who gave him those treasonable secrets. "Dave" talked. So did his wife and so did their "courier," Harry Gold. This is how the great betrayal was performed as these accusing co-conspirators told it.

David Greenglass, a short, fat-faced, colour-blind army sergeant—a man of little personality and deficient grammar—worked on his lathes in "E" building of the super secret, melodramatically guarded and screened centre on an isolated hilltop where famous scientists operated under false names and everyone was watched.

"Dave" had no idea what it was all about; all he knew was that they brought him sketches, blueprints and ideas of old little gadgets and he made them on his machine.

For their second wedding anniversary celebration his wife Ruth went to Albuquerque, a

The SECRET of LOS ALAMOS



How one man said the bomb worked

hundred miles south from Los Alamos, to spend a week-end with him in an hotel. On a November evening in 1944, strolling through the outskirts of the city near Rio Grande, she said something that made her husband's jaw drop, Julius Rosenberg had just told her, she said, that what David was working on was an atomic bomb.

And he had also told her he had "finally got to a point where he was doing what he wanted to do all along—giving information to the Soviet Union."

He thought Russia, as a fighting ally, should not be deprived of American-British atomic secrets and he warned Greenglass to find out all he could and pass it on.

David, "frightened and worried," said he would not do it. But through the night he kept thinking it all out.

"I consulted with memories and voices in my mind," was how he put it.

Next morning he told Ruth he would spy for Julius.

He started right away. Over and over he repeated to his

This sketch is the atomic bomb according to Greenglass. The detonator, fired by a single switch, caused an "implosion," opposite of an explosion. This compressed a mass of plutonium to form a mass large enough to explode. The cores, collapsed by the compressed beryllium released neutrons. (An atomic explosion happens when a neutron splits an atom, which releases more neutrons....)

wife how many people were working there, who the biggest scientists really were behind their phony names, how the place was laid out, and camouflaged.

She memorised it all and took it back in her head to Julius in New York. Greenglass returned behind his guarded gates to "snoop around," listen "very avidly" to every conversation he could and "surprisingly" ask questions—especially of the men with the white badges.

Scientists at Los Alamos wore different-coloured badges, red, blue, white, to mark the degree of security freedom they enjoyed and a white badge meant the wearer could go anywhere.

By the following January, when he went to New York on leave, his head was stored with stuff he had pumped or heard from those unsuspecting scientists. Julius called on him and he told Julius the first of his stream of great secrets—how the bomb's "trigger" worked.

He reconstructed what he had memorised and drew rough sketches of moulds for "high explosive lenses." The moulds were made right there in his own machine shop and were taken away to a laboratory at a remote site where they were used to case explosive needed for experimental lenses.

They were shaped "like four-leaf clover," he explained. High explosive was poured into the mould, "took on the shape of the mould, and the mould was removed, and you had a high explosive lens."

A complex mechanism of concentric spheres surrounded by a network of 36 lenses, each with a pair of detonators, was the "trigger." A single switch let off all at once to release the power of plutonium and beryllium at the heart of the sphere. It was about five o'clock when the bomb formula was typed.

CONSPIRACY

Back in New Mexico Greenglass handed over more drawings and details to Harry Gold who paid him 500 dollars more.

Now atom bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Within a month the supreme action of betrayal was carried through in a kitchen and a living room. It was in September, 1945.

In New York on another of Greenglass's furloughs, Rosenberg called on him so early as to drag him from his bed. "I think," said David, "I have a pretty good description of the atom bomb."

Julius had already given him a general description of "the bomb" as he knew it. But that was the first type, the one that had blown Hiroshima into radio active rubble. Greenglass's prize was the "improved" Nagasaki bomb.

Greenglass sat down and drew sketches, including a cross-section of the bomb, and he covered a dozen sheets of paper with descriptive material. He hurried round to Rosenberg's home with them.

Why, when he was at Potsdam with Churchill the year before and told Stalin of America's sensational new bomb (Truman warned Stalin show such little surprise?)

THE COURIER AND THE TORN FOOD PACKET

PARIS NEWSLETTER from SAM WHITE

M. Laniel looks a favourite

SIXTY-FOUR-YEAR-OLD M. Laniel, jovial Joseph Laniel, the little-known back-bencher who is today France's Prime Minister, has upset the betting in what has become known as "The Presidential Stakes."

By this December M. Vincent Auriol ends his seven-year-term as President of the Republic, and the race to succeed him in this 240,000 a year job is already speeding up. Half a dozen politicians, including Foreign Minister Bidault and ex-Premiers Pinay and Queuille, are actively lobbying for the post. Voting takes place at a joint session of both Houses of Parliament.

Now Laniel has entered the lists—and he is making no secret of his ambitions or of his optimism regarding his chances. He has already announced that he regards his Government as "transitional"—and there were few who heard that word in Parliament who did not interpret it as an indication that M. Laniel hopes that it is transitional to a graceful glide into the Elysee Palace.

My own view is that M. Laniel will make it. He has these advantages over his rivals: a magnificently rugged presence and, or-like constitution, a splendid Resistance record, the gold family background of a country squire, and above all, due to his lack of front rank political experience, a happy lack of enemies.

The family fortunes have prospered steadily, today M. France.

HE'LL MAKE IT

QUOTES

On how he entered his profession: Very simple. I was a lion tamer but my sight was failing.

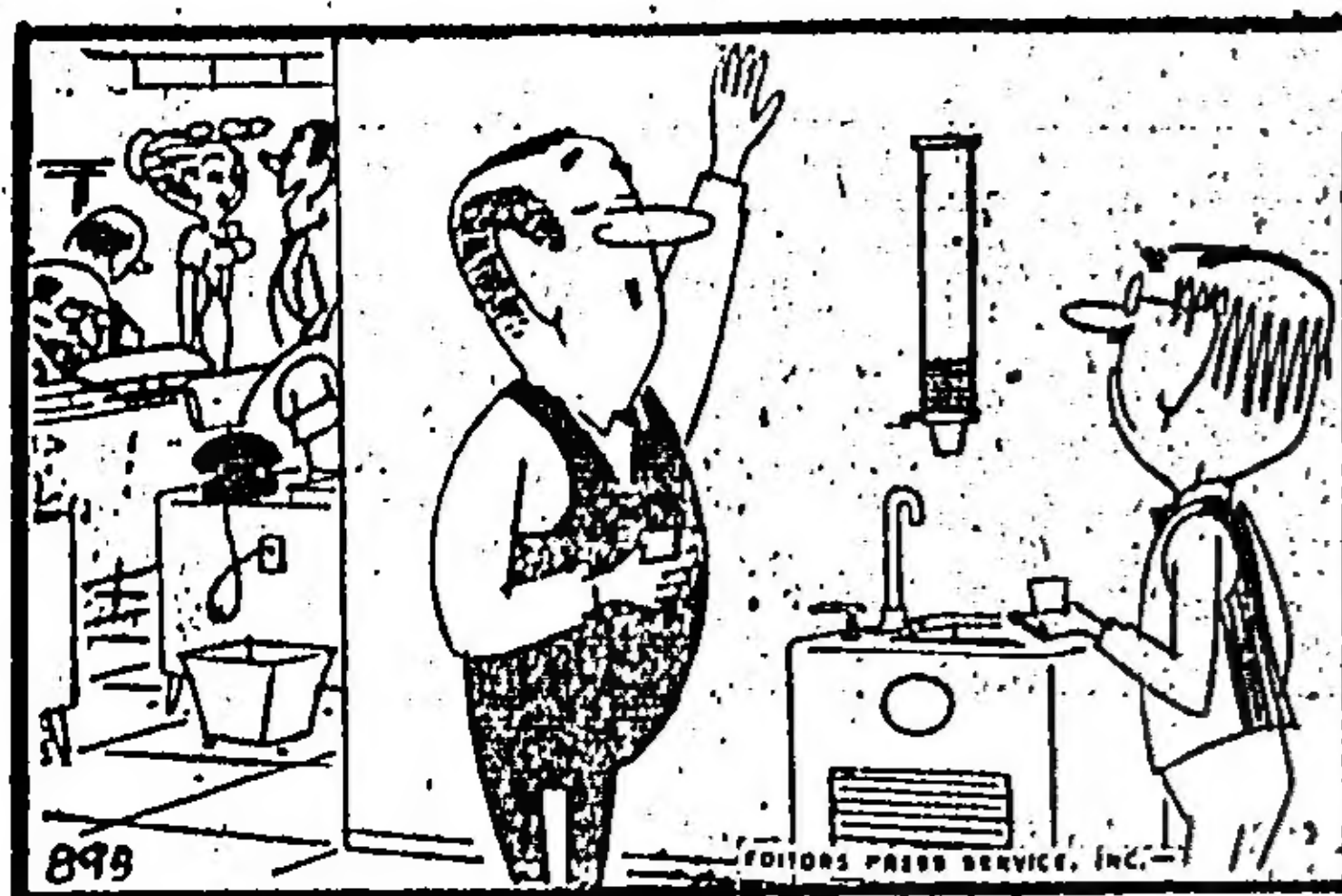
Judge Barquet, sentencing a night club proprietor, who served cheap "bubbly" instead of champagne: You have been guilty of sullying the honour of

Elephant trainer Jean Froy

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AUNT DULLES'S BEDTIME STORIES



"It was a pretty dull convention. The judge let us all off with suspended sentences."

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Unusual Play Is Game Stimulant

NORTH 15		EAST	
AK	885	885	885
772	905	905	905
Q853	AJ	AJ	AJ
8754	QJ92	QJ92	QJ92
WEST		SOUTH (D)	
Q1002	743	743	743
1043	AKQ	AKQ	AKQ
9762	K104	K104	K104
K10	A63	A63	A63

By OSWALD JACOBY

THE bidding was perfectly normal in today's hand, but South was not especially hopeful about his contract. He could count on winning two spades, three hearts, and probably only one club. It looked as though his contract depended on winning three diamond tricks.

West opened the deuce of spades, and dummy won with the king. South hopefully led a low diamond from the dummy, and East stepped up with the ace.

This unusual play stimulated South into serious thought. East was too good a player to throw away his ace of diamonds on a small card unless he had a declaration. South knew that the diamond suit was hopeless if East started with a singleton ace of diamonds; but there was a chance if East had only the doubleton ace-jack.

With this thought in mind, South carefully dropped the ten of diamonds under East's ace. East promptly returned a spade to dummy's ace, and declared led another low diamond from dummy to his own king.

The fall of the jack of diamonds from the East hand was exactly what South had been hoping for. Now he could lead the carefully preserved four of diamonds and win a finesse in dummy with the eight of diamonds. This left him in position to cash dummy's queen of diamonds, after which it was easy to fulfill the contract.

South would have gone down if he had failed to discard the ten of diamonds. He could win the second round of diamonds with his king but would then have to win the third diamond with his ten. There would be no way to reach dummy's queen of diamonds, since to overtake the ten with dummy's queen would merely establish West's nine.

South might still manage to make his contract if West fell asleep. South could cash the three top hearts and lay down the ace of clubs. An alert West would promptly drop the king of clubs in order to avoid a throw-in, but if West fell asleep, South could win the club suit and then force to win the next club and surrender the game-going trick to dummy's queen of diamonds or to South's jack of spades.

CARD SENSE

Q—With both sides vulnerable, the bidding has been:

East South West North
1 Spade 2 Dms. Pass 3 Dms.
Pass

You, South, hold: Spade 8, Hearts 7-5, Diamonds A-Q-7-10-3, Clubs K-Q-4-2. What do you do?

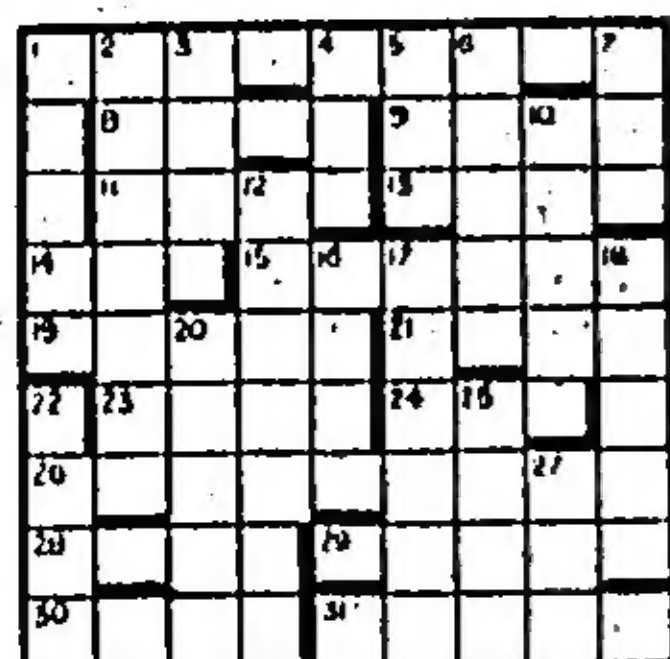
A—Bid four diamonds. Your partner needs the king of diamonds, the ace of clubs, and a high heart to give you some reasonable play for game. He will accept your invitation if he has these high cards.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spade 8, Hearts 7-5, Diamonds A-Q-7-10-3, Clubs K-Q-4-2. What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

CROSSWORD



Across
1. Ball costs no child love. (8, 9)
2. See 25 Down. (4)
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89. See 25 Down. (4)
90. See 25 Down. (4)
91. See 25 Down. (4)
92. See 25 Down. (4)
93. See 25 Down. (4)
94. See 25 Down. (4)
95. See 25 Down. (4)
96. See 25 Down. (4)
97. See 25 Down. (4)
98. See 25 Down. (4)
99. See 25 Down. (4)
100. See 25 Down. (4)

Down
1. Found in comic or all papers. (5)
2. Small anagram. (7)
3. Shoemaker social post. (4)
4. Much of it across. (3)
5. "None" city, half as old as time. (3)
6. Heavenly giant. (6)
7. Allow a fault at Vienna. (3)
8. Medicine found in pods. (3)
9. Conspicuous chain? (7)
10. Norse capital. (4)
11. Stream, (anag.). (6)
12. Bicycle for two partner. (8)
13. Hoop. (5)
14. Skin chalice. (4)
15. Where a poem is spoken. (4)
16. This beloved country for a book. (3)

SOLUTION TO CHECK YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

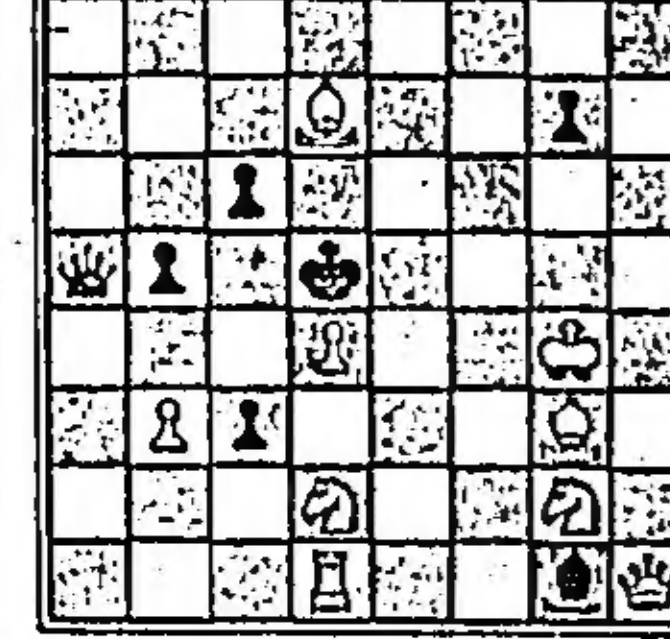
DUMB BELLS

THESE ARE SNOW SHOES! I DON'T SEE HOW ANYONE COULD WALK ON HIS FEET WARM IN THOSE THINGS



CHESS PROBLEM

By P. OVERKAMP
Black, 7 pieces.



White to play; mate in two.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. Kt-B4, any; 2. Q. R. B, or Kt mates.

WHAT'S HER LINE?

RUTH G. INNES

Re-arrange the letters to spell her occupation.

(Solution on Page 10)

Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN... by Walter



★ ★ ★

WOMANSENSE

★ ★ ★

THE GLAMOUR-PLUS GIRLS



Twenty-seven-year-old Eileen Wright is staying in London while taking the course. Her home town is Burton-on-Trent.

BRAVELY the debutantes, and their heavily-taxed parents, battle on. They give joint coming-out parties. They make one dress suffice where three did before. And now they take another step in facing the social changes which make it so difficult to launch a girl towards a top-class marriage in 1953.

THEY are the debutantes who believe that the 1953 Menu for Success must read

CHARM... with adults.
BEAUTY... with baked potatoes.
GROOMING... with some berry pie.

By JOHN WATERMAN

Big has run down, and really being a debutante is a head of the new school. The special Debutante Course takes three months. Cookery, housework, laundry, and needlework are taught.

this course—Miss Monica Smyth among them—are engaged yet. For some the instruction is the top thing on an already expensive educational cake. Miss Smyth has just left finishing school in Switzerland. Now her parents are paying 50 guineas for this special course.

No doubt, like other parents, they hope to see a good return for their money. Because cooking, housework, even washing up—have as never before become valuable assets for the marriage stakes in the top social bracket.

In the morning the girls prepare and cook a complete meal. Then they sit down and eat it.

SAMPLE MENU: Gnocchi, Parsienne and Mornay Sauce, Viennese Pudding and Caramel Sauce.

Heartiness

IN the light airy basement surrounded by a wealth of kitchen equipment which would strain the most affluent husband's purse to provide the white-overalled girls dip thermometers into sauce, crack eggs with the abandon of Mrs. Beeton in her best form, and peer into hot ovens with the all-girl-together heartiness and laughter of the top form at St. Trinian's.

Debutante Monica Smyth thinks it's all fairly long from Gravesend. She has been an art student, and a riding instructor in North Wales. She is being married in August, will take over a share in her in-laws' house at Bishop's Stortford.

One girl who certainly possesses that kind of motive is 25-year-old Miss Jane Segar from Putney. She marries a young solicitor next month—only a week after the course ends.

She paused

Another is 21-year-old former debutante Miss Sally Tong from Gravesend. She has been an art student, and a riding instructor in North Wales. She is being married in August, will take over a share in her in-laws' house at Bishop's Stortford.

And 27-year-old Miss Eileen Wright has come up from Burton-on-Trent to stay in London while she is taking the course.

And how are the girls doing at this strange, unfamiliar art? From the tempting look of the table at 1230 it seems as if their prospective husbands are not likely to dine persistently at their clubs.

And when in later years the girls are able to sit back and relax for dinner, it will be so valuable for them to know exactly what has gone into the Gnocchi Parsienne and Mornay Sauce.



Former debutante, 21-year-old Sally Tong, from Gravesend, has a few minutes of her lunch-break left. But Sally, who is to be married in August, is not wasting any time—her magazine article is headed, What's Bakes a Home Happy and Efficient?

After her wedding Sally will take over a share of her in-laws' house at Bishop's Stortford. Before attending school she was an art student, then a riding instructor in North Wales.

THE FINAL TEST.

Each morning the girls prepare and cook a complete meal. It has to be tasty... it's their lunch.

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

TUESDAY, JULY 14

BORN today, you are a natural leader but there is a possibility that you have not been given the opportunities which will give full play to your possibilities. If your environment appears too restricting, then you should do everything within your power to change it. Kindly and sympathetic toward all, you are perhaps too much inclined to make sacrifices for those you love. Learn to force issues which will bring immediate success to yourself. You can look at it this way: a material success by utilising your talents which can, in turn, give you the power to bring happiness to those you love.

It is likely that an early marriage will be the best for that will give you an added incentive to force ahead. It could almost be said that you are totally lacking in personal ambition. But if someone supplies the motivation, you have the energy to make good. The arts, the sciences and the professions are the fields in which you will be happiest. There is a spiritual strength in your nature, which might even lead you to enter the Church.

You women have definite home-making talents and know how to make a home beautiful as well as comfortable. You will probably be happiest living in the country, for the bustling competitive life of urban centres only confuses you and makes you unhappy. Your intuitions are keen. Learn to follow them. You also have a wonderful sense of humour. Cultivate it more!

To find what stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15

CANCER (June 22-July 22) Never let an obstacle hinder your progress. Find a way around it and you can win a clear-cut victory.

LEO (July 23-Aug. 22) Even without asking, an influential executive can grant an important favour which will further your career.

VIRGO (Aug. 23-Sept. 22) A good day for buying. Get those few things you have been planning to make your home more comfortable.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22) Be sure that you know how much you can do and don't attempt to take on more than you can handle just now.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23-Nov. 22) Perhaps changing your plans so that you can help another will bring increased pleasure in both of you.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22) This is a week for serious work. Don't let anything interfere with getting an important job done.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20) If two close friends have had the difference of opinion, try to be the peace-maker. Renew their happiness.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19) This is a fine, progressive day. A good time to try out those new ideas you may have been experimenting with.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20) Labour-saving devices will be useful. They can cut short your work and help you achieve your goal sooner.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20) Much better to use diplomacy than to try brute force in gaining your objective at this time.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21) Do not permit interference from anyone with plans which must go forward now. Stick to your objective.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21) Patience and tact are the methods by which you will reach your goal. Loud blustering will only further confuse the issue.

Don't Neglect Child's Teeth

By G. C. MYERS, Ph.D.

ACCORDING to the American Dental Association, youths between the ages of 15 and 19 are most in need of dental fillings, having an average of five decayed teeth.

There seems to be no adequate explanation of why young adolescents have more decaying teeth than they had in earlier years. One way of prevention would seem to be constant, regular dental care then and in the earlier years.

Children whose parents have not succeeded from the time these children were very young to win their co-operation with the dentist, are the more inclined to neglect visits to the dentist as they grow older and more independent of parental control and persuasion. And there are plenty of adults still so scared of the dentist as to avoid him indefinitely. All there is an emergency or they are about to lose most or all their teeth.

Artificial Teeth

Some youths and adults are encouraged in their childish avoidance of the dentist by the knowledge that they can finally have a lot of their teeth yanked out at once and replaced by artificial teeth which look well.

Most persons who sigh over a dental bill for filling or treating teeth or the gums cheerfully pay several hundred dollars for a set of artificial teeth. As you can see, your conscientious dentist, every time he labours hard to save a natural tooth for you or your child, chooses to decrease substantially his earnings, whereas he could multiply them easily if he would compromise with his conscience. And he may often have to choose the ethical way over the patient's protest.

Try to choose a dentist for your child who will win his confidence and co-operation. Assure your dentist of your willingness to pay him for only extra time for such emergencies as "I've got to go to school tomorrow." Try to cultivate in your child self-respect, responsibility and co-operation with the dentist that by the time he is eight or ten he will be making and keeping his own dental appointments.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Being Very Tiny Can Be Fun

—You Can Float Through the Air on a Dust Speck—

By MAX TRELL

IT was Knarf's, the shadow-boy with the, turned-about name, idea. "We'll be able to go all over the house and no-one will see us," he said to his sister Hanid. "It will be like being invisible."

So he and Hanid made themselves smaller than they had ever made themselves before. They made themselves smaller than the head of a pin, smaller than the dot over an "i". They were so small that you could hardly see them even with a pair of spectacles.

Looked Like A Meadow

How curious everything looked the moment they became small. They were standing on the brown rug which covered the floor of the playroom. Instantly it seemed to spread out all around them, as far as the eye could see, a vast meadow in which tall brown grass was growing.

"Where are you going?" Hanid asked Knarf. Her brother was starting to push his way through the brown grass.

"Let's climb to the top of the table. It's standing over there by the window."

It seemed to be miles away. They walked and they walked.

Must Remember Button

"We'll have to remember that lost button when we make ourselves big again," Hanid said as they went on.

At length they reached the table. At first it didn't look like a table at all. The legs were four enormous trees which rose up, up, up. They were so wide and smooth and round that it was impossible for the two tiny shadows to get their arms around them.

But they managed to climb to the top of the table after all. Do you know how they did it? Knarf suddenly noticed a number of little saucers floating up and down in the sunshine.

These saucers were specks of dust!

Away They Floated

Knarf seized one of them and Hanid seized another. And away they floated with the little specks of dust.



The shadows climbed over a pencil that looked big as a log.

saucers, up to the ceiling and gently down to the top of the table.

And when Knarf and Hanid got tired of playing on top of the table, they seized two of the little saucers and came sailing down again.

"How wonderful it felt to be small enough to be carried up and down on dancing specks of dust."

"I never knew," said Hanid to her brother, "that everything could look so different just because we made ourselves small. This is how it must look to a fly."

"I wonder," said Knarf, "how it looks to an elephant!"

Rupert and the Bad Dog—23



There seems to be something familiar about the row of trees that Rupert has spied. "Why, of course," he mutters. "That's where I caught up with Jack! He runs round and peeps between them." "Yes, there's that dark alley right

Another new "Adventure"—

RUPERT and the BOY PIRATE

\$1.



Says DAVID JACK

while, Dilly is doing a four months' coaching job on the Italian Davis Cup squad.

London, July 13.

—(London Express Service)

By N.W.D. YARDLEY

governed by each state separately through politically-appointed commissions. All of these state commissions, except New York, and members of the

By **GEORGE WHITING**

N. V.	Wright	13	15
N. V.	Scott	17	19
N. V.	King	10	21
N. V.	Lindeman	20	22
N. V.	Kilbee	20	22
N. V.	Young	27	24
N. V.	Miller	23	26
N. V.	Salenius	24	—
N. V.	Oles	25	—
N. V.	Woodbridge	25	24

London, July 18.

Italy by 6-2, 7-5, 4-6 and 5-7.
Belgium qualified to meet
France in the final of the Euro-
pean Zone of the competition.
France-Police.

2114

Paris, July 18.

Belgium qualified to meet France in the final of the European Zone of the competition. France, Protest.

New York, July 18.

100

by Barry Appleby





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SAILINGS TO		
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 18th July
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 18th July
"TAIYUAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 20th July
"FUKUEN"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 23rd July
"FUKUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	8 a.m. 25th July
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 25th July
"FUKUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	8 a.m. 27th July
"FOYANG"	Yokohama, Kobe & Osaka	10 a.m. 29th July
"PETER REED"	Tandjong Mani & Sibul	8 a.m. 30th July
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m. 8th Aug.
Sails from Cantonian Wharf		
ARRIVALS FROM		
"SZECHUEN"	Sibu	7 a.m. 15th July
"YUNNAN"	Shanghai	15th July
"SHENKING"	Tientsin	15th July
"FUKUEN"	Keelung	7 a.m. 18th July
"FUKUEN"	Kobe	21st July
"FUKUEN"	Singapore	21st July
"FUKUEN"	Moji	25th July
"FOYANG"	Hankow	27th July

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne	10th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	10th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	17th Aug.
ARRIVALS FROM		
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	12th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	14th Aug.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"BELLEFLORE"	Liverpool & Glasgow	14th July
"MENTOR"	Liverpool, Dublin & Avonmouth	24th July
"ALCINOUS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	25th July
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	25th July
"CYCLOPS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	14th Aug.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails		
G. "PATROCLUS"	Liverpool	Rotterdam
S. "CYCLOPS"	do	Sailed
G. "AUTOLYCUS"	do	23rd July
S. "LAOMEDON"	do	7th Aug.
G. "PERSEUS"	do	13th July
S. "CLYTEMNESTRA"	18th July	15th Aug.
G. "ASTYANAX"	21st July	28th Aug.
S. "AENEAS"	2nd Aug.	6th Sept.

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool, S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool. Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.



DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

Sails N.Y.		
"HAINAN"	Sailed	In Port
"AGAMEMNON"	do	2nd Aug.
"DONA ALICIA"	do	15th Aug.
"DONA ALICIA"	11th July	2nd Aug.
"BATAAN"	23rd July	16th Aug.
SAILING FOR NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.		
"DENARES"	20th July	20th July
"AJAX"	5th Aug.	5th Aug.

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(Connects at Bangkok with U.A. to Hongkong)		
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo	(DC-3) 7.00 a.m. Tue. Fri.	4.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Singapore	(DC-3) 11.30 a.m. Wed. Thu.	4.45 p.m. Thu.
HK/Hanoi/Hatphong	(DC-3) 11.30 a.m. Wed.	3.20 p.m. Thu.
HK/Bangkok/Alangon/Calcutta	(DC-4) 12.00 noon Sat.	6.00 p.m. Sun.

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ARRIVALS

From		
"BENATTOW"	U.K.	In Port
"BENRUACHAN"	Japan	18th July
"BENLEDI"	U.K.	18th July
"BENLEDER"	U.K.	28th July
"BENLEUCH"	U.K.	on or abt. 16th Aug.
"BENMACDUI"	U.K.	27th Aug.

SAILINGS

Loading on or abt.		
"BENATTOW"	Liverpool, Dublin, Rotterdam and Hamburg	K/Wharf
"BENRUACHAN"	Harvre, London, Rotterdam and Antwerp	18th July
"BENLEDI"	Kure, Kobe and Yokohama	20th July
"BENLEDER"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Rotterdam and Hull	31st July
"BENLEDI"	Direct to Singapore, thence London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg	12th Aug.
"BENLEUCH"	Harvre, London, Rotterdam and Hull	20th Aug.
"BENLAYERS"	Genoa, Liverpool, Rotterdam and Hamburg	20th Aug.
"BENMACDUI"	Kure, Kobe and Yokohama	31st Aug.

† Calls Dilihou instead of Aden.

All vessels accept cargo for Suva and Port Said.

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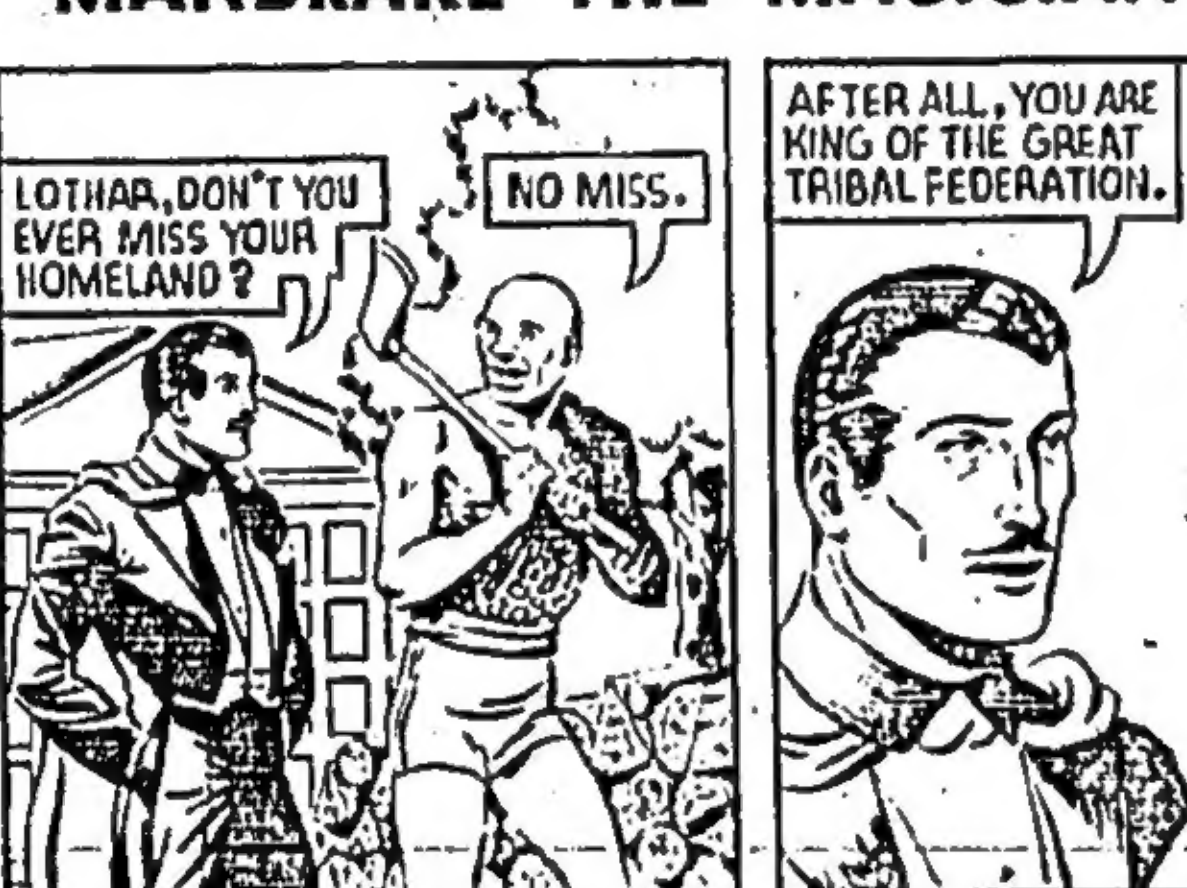
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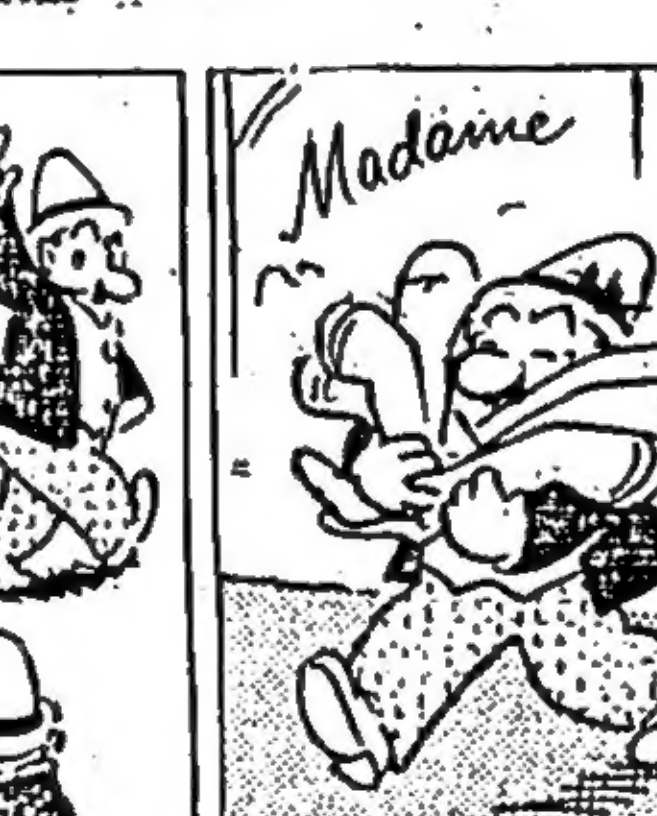
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MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



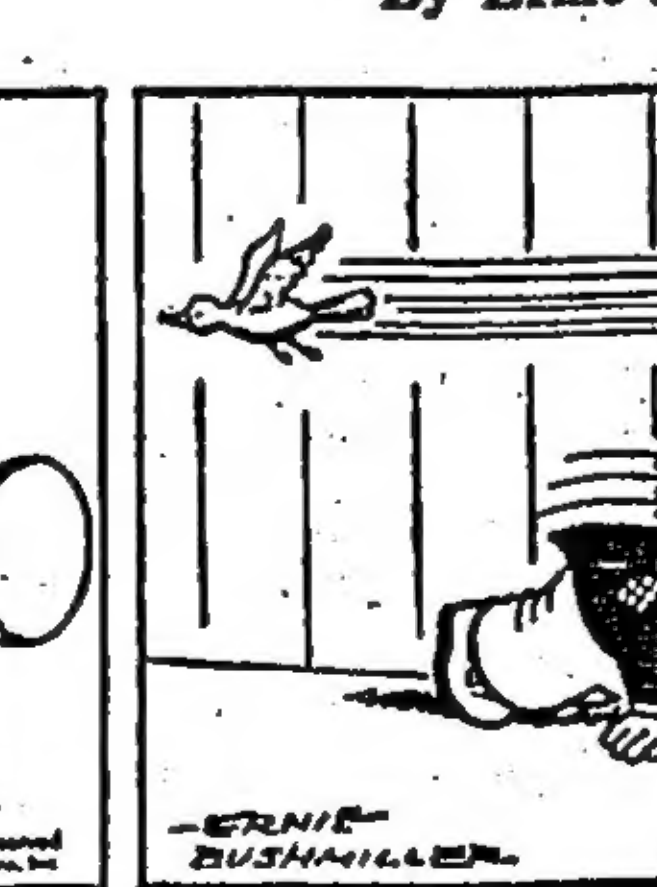
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Worth A Trial



NANCY

What A Fly-er!



JOHNNY HAZARD



Six-Hour Flight To Moscow From U.K.?

If Russians Lift Iron Curtain

It may soon be possible for airborne Londoners to drink vodka within sight of the Kremlin. Speculation on air travel behind the Iron Curtain—should the Iron Curtain rise—is growing. The apparent loosening of Red restrictions is encouraging, and though no definite plans have been made, a British European Airways spokesman said: "We could make arrangements. We are watching the situation, but it is still a matter of conjecture."

If the Iron Curtain is lifted Vienna will probably become one of the biggest air junctions in Europe. Many BEA services travelling to various destinations via Rome could more conveniently call at the Austrian capital. **WOULD IT PAY?** A big proviso on a London-Moscow air service: Do people want to go to Russia? Would the service pay its way? Quickest airway to Moscow at present is via Brussels or Amsterdam, and Prague, where aeroplanes of Aeroflot, the Russian airline, take over for the Moscow leg. Present fare: £80 single, and the 1,600-mile trip takes all day. If a direct air service were started, probably via Warsaw and flown by prop-jet Viscounts, the time would be shortened to about six hours.

Thai Warships On Visit To P.I.

Manila, July 13. Four Thai warships have now anchored off the United States naval base at Subic Bay, on the western Luzon coast, after a duty tour with United Nations forces in Korea. The warships will come to Manila next week for a courtesy visit before returning to Thailand—Reuter.

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

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"CORFU"	25th June	27th July
"CANTON"	23rd July	24th August
"CANTON"	20th August	21st September
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Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	31st July	1st Sept.
"CANTON"	28th August	29th Sept.
"CANTON"	25th September	26th October
Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London		

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Date	For
"SUHAT"	10th July	Japan
"SUHAT"	10th July	Singapore, Penang, Port Swettenham, Colombo, Aden, Karachi, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"SHILLONG"	24th July	

With liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports and at Bombay if inducement offers. Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

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"FULTALA"	due 8th Aug.	from Japan
	sails 9th Aug.	for Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta, Chittagong
P. & O.B. I. JOINT SERVICE		
"ORNA"	due 10th July	from Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Singapore
	sails 20th July	for Japan
"OZARDA"	due 23rd July	from Japan
	sails 24th July	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Kuwait, Khorramshahr & Basrah

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"EASTERN"	sails 29th July	for Japan
"NANKIN"	sails 12th Aug.	for Sydney & Adelaide
"EASTERN"	sails 19th Aug.	for Lee, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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TUESDAY, JULY 14 By Air

Indo-China, France, French North & West Africa, 9 p.m., via Air Vietnam.
Japan, 6 p.m. T.A.C.
Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 9 p.m., D.O.A.C.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 9 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
Australia, New Zealand, 9 p.m., via Eastern Star.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15 By Air

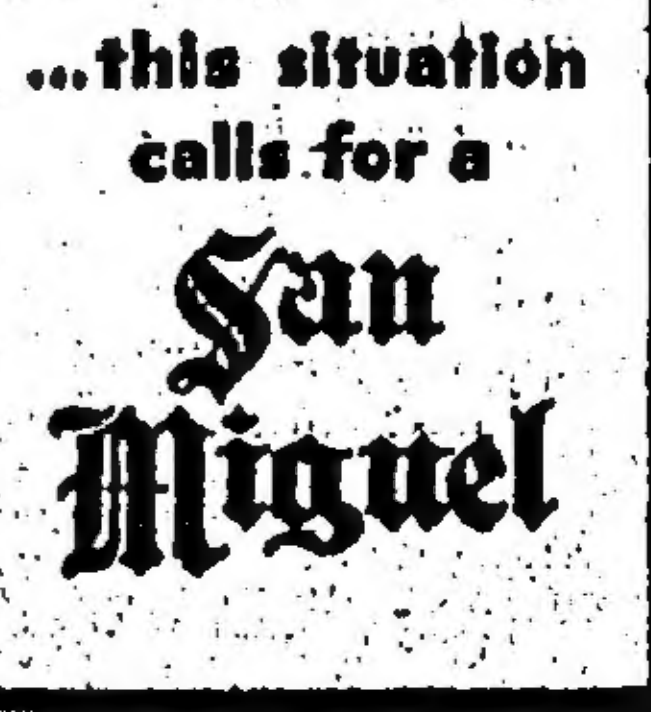
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 8 a.m., P.A.L.
Indo-China, Malaysia, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 8 a.m., C.P.A.
Formosa, Japan, 1 p.m., C.A.T.
Malaya, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 9 p.m., D.O.A.C.
Japan, 9 p.m., D.O.A.C.
India, Ceylon, (Tokyo only), 8 a.m., via C.P.A.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 9 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 9.30 a.m., train via Canton.
Formosa, 9 a.m., via Wing Sang.
Malaya, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 9 p.m., D.O.A.C.
Formosa, Okinawa, 9 p.m., H.K.A./N.V.A.L.

By Surface

Macao, 9 a.m.; 9 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 9.30 a.m., train via Canton.
Japan, Hawaii, U.S.A., Central and South America, 1 p.m., via Free Cleveland.



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JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Fancies And Fact

IN peacetime, perhaps at all times, women tend to outdo men in unobtrusive mobility.

The young widow, scrapping, saving, throwing overboard her own youth to bring up her family, the girl who grows to womanhood and old age caring for her parents, without taking thought for herself; the wife of a wastrel, who keeps a home going on a pittance; there are stock characters in the comedy-drama of everyday life. Men are less often called upon to shine so. When instances come to light, they show a clumsy aptitude for this kind of gallantry that is often touching.

A SEMI-INVALID
WILLIAM is a small, gaunt, man of 52, whose wife, for the last eight years has been a semi-invalid. He is himself, afflicted with deafness.

The other day, William's wife was in hospital again, and he went to visit her.

At the hospital where he had seen her last time, she had been moved to another, to have an operation. It is his impression that he was not told either of the operation to be performed, or of his wife's move. But perhaps he was told and did not hear what was said.

He traipsed to the new hospital and saw his wife. She lay in a ward there, weak, as was to be expected, after her operation, and William, seeing her, groped around in his mind, wondering what he could do to comfort her and hurry her recovery.

THROUGH LARDERS
WILLIAM worked in a West End hotel as a maintenance engineer. He had worked there 11 years. Part of his work took him from time to time through the hotel's well-stocked larders.

One day after he had seen his wife, he decided to help himself to nourishing items from the larders that his wife might appreciate as additions to hospital diet.

William took a small chicken, a pound of sausage and some bread to go with it, and two grapesfruit. He hid the stolen food in raincoat pockets, and after his day's work was over, set off with them towards the hospital.

A policeman saw him in the street, and noticed how his raincoat bulged. William was stopped and questioned, and his crime came to light.

Next morning, at Bow Street, standing uneasily in the dock, with the head-phones of the court's hearing-system on his head, William pleaded guilty to his thefts.

'ALL I COULD'
THE story was told to the magistrate, Mr. R. H. Blundell, who, after he had heard it, asked William what he wanted to say.

"I got me wife all I could with me money," William said. "I was trying to take her some luxuries I couldn't afford."

William's "money," his wage in the hotel, was £7 3s. a week.

The magistrate turned to the police officer in charge of the case.

"Could he have bought these things from the hotel, if he had asked?" he inquired.

"Yes, sir, they say they would have been only too pleased for him to have had them," the officer replied.

A GIFT
His tone and the warmth of his words had suggested William's gift of the luxuries. The generosity implicit in the answer was lost on no one.

"Has he lost his job?" the magistrate asked.

"He will, sir," the policeman replied.

The magistrate sent William to talk with the probation officer. He would need advice. After nearly 12 years with the hotel his job-training technique would be rusty.

Disobeyed—Traffic Sign
Commenting that drivers were permitted to drive like the defendant, there would be fatal accidents, Mr. Blundell fined Chan \$10, 20, 30 or 40 days for failing to obey a traffic sign.

Mr. A. Morrison, Div. Sup't. of Traffic, said that on Monday around 10 a.m. he was on patrol in Garden Road. Traffic lane traffic was permitted to travel north, while dual lane traffic was permitted to travel south between Lower Albert Road and Queen's Road Central.

The defendant was driving his car and overtaking on the angle-tailor traffic extending from Queen's Road thus obstructing traffic which was travelling south in the dual lane.

This type of offence, Mr. Morrison said, was very prevalent in this area.

Turned Gold Shop Into Bank

Disclosures Made
By Debtor

Accused by Mr. M. Morley-John, of "behaving in an extremely reckless way with other people's money", Tso Chik-ki, alias Tso Keung, faced a public examination at Supreme Court this morning following his petition for a bankruptcy order.

Tso, proprietor of money-changer and grocery businesses at 220 and 222 des Voeux Road West, ground floor, admitted that when his accounts showed a loss, he had "borrowed" money to pay his debts by the simple expedient of turning his gold-dealing business into a bank.

About fifty creditors who had lent him money in this manner were present in the Court, and a special interpreter, conversant with Northern dialects, re-interpreted to them what the debtor said in Cantonese.

Mr. Morley-John, acting Deputy Registrar General, appeared on behalf of the Official Receiver, assisted by Mr. S. Y. Doe, Assistant Registrar. The examination was held before Mr. Justice Scholes.

Tso, a married man with seven children, five of them dependent on him, commenced business, he told the Court, in 1945, with a money-changing shop and a grocery shop. The capital he invested amounted to \$30,000, and in January, 1946, he put in another \$5,000. Of the \$35,000, \$20,000 went to the gold business and the rest to the grocery.

In June and July, 1951, he had had to mortgauge certain stock-in-trade, but paid off the mortgages for \$40,000 and \$60,000 in October of that year. In 1952 Tso said he had lost over \$100,000 in speculations on the Gold and Silver Exchange. This, and losses on his grocery business, were the principal causes of his insolvency, he said.

NO VOUCHERS
Tso admitted that for the preliminary examination he had handed in account books, profit and loss accounts, and balance sheets for 1952, but no supporting vouchers. This, he said, was because his business had become in such a muddle that he no longer knew what he was doing—he was overworked. He knew he had destroyed some of the vouchers and kept the more important ones, which he had since lost.

"You very conveniently say you have lost some vouchers and destroyed others so that they could not be produced to support your account books," he tended.

There is nothing at all to support the entries in your account books," he added, commenting that the loss of these vouchers was "the first of a very convenient series of accidents."

Turning to the profit and loss account Mr. Morley-John said that in the 12 months from January 27, 1952 to December 31, 1952, he had made sales totalling \$2,300,000 for his gold business and \$900,000 for his grocery business.

He had said in his petition that during these months he had lost \$117,102 in the gold business and \$103,117 in the grocery business.

"You made that considerable loss following 1951 when you made a total loss of \$182,700?"—Yes.

"You made that considerable loss following 1951 when you made a total loss of \$182,700?"—Yes.

MADE UP MONEY
Tso said he made up the money by the gold shop into a bank. After the 1951 losses he had continued in business hoping to make money to pay his creditors, he said. The 1952 losses had been made up of \$178,119 in the grocery business and \$450 in the gold business.

"You say you lost \$450 in the twelve months in 1951, and \$164,117 in six months in 1952. I put it to you that that is not a genuine loss?"

Mr. Morley-John said: "There is no telling in business?"

Tso commented: "Mr. Morley-John suggested that I had withdrawn sums of money for myself, treating them as expenses. Between January and April, 1952, he had withdrawn \$80,000, he said. Tso agreed.

"That is not the behaviour of an honest man, who has already made such losses," he needed the money for personal expenses."

"You needed \$20,000 a month?" he had to pay taxes on my paddy field and also buy food."

Tso admitted, when questioned, that he had not got the little deeds for the paddy field and that Mr. Morley-John's suggestion that he was making up "fairly-tales to cover the drawing of \$20,000 which you made when you knew you were going bankrupt."

The case is proceeding.

SECRET ATOM BOMBER CRASHES



An American secret six-engine 1347, the world's fastest atom bomber, recently crashed on the Banbury to London railway line, six seconds in front of the 4.10 p.m. Birmingham to Paddington express train, which had 400 passengers aboard. Picture shows a column of smoke rising from the wrecked plane only just ahead of the train. — Daily Express photo.

Police Officer's Story Of 'Transaction' With Alleged Drug Dealers

Interesting disclosures of the activities of an alleged dealer in dangerous drugs were made by a Police Inspector before Judge W. A. Blair-Kerr in the Victoria District Court this morning when two men faced trial on charges of possession of opium and dealing in dangerous drugs.

The accused were Lee Pak-hung, alias Li Hang, 46, and Lee Tong, alias Li Tong, 35, jointly charged with possession of 22.5 taels of raw opium without a permit on June 6. First accused was additionally charged with dealing in dangerous drugs.

The Prosecution was conducted by Mr. D. F. O'Reilly Mayne, Crown Counsel, with Chief Insp. W. Eggleston for the Police. Mr. O. V. Cheung, instructed by Mr. F. K. d'Almada, represented both accused.

Giving the facts, Mr. O'Reilly Mayne said that on June 5 last, Sub-Inspector Lee But-wah (acting in a role other than that of a Police officer) went to the first floor of No. 167—Electric Road, Causeway Bay, where he saw first accused. He did not disclose his identity but entered into conversation with first accused, in the course of which first accused agreed to sell him a quantity of opium.

On the following day, Insp. Lee went back to the address and again saw first accused. Further conversation ensued, certain sums of money were discussed and first accused then took Insp. Lee to another cubicle in the same flat. This cubicle belonged to second accused and this man came in while first accused and Insp. Lee were there looking over some opium which first accused produced.

Insp. Lee thereupon disclosed his identity and placed both accused under arrest.

OFFICER'S EVIDENCE
In evidence, Insp. Lee, who said he was attached to the Police Anti-Corruption Branch, told of his visit to No. 167 Electric Road, first floor, about 2.20 p.m. on June 6. He said he told first accused, whom he met there, that he had lived in Aberdeen for many years and had been doing business with opium divan keepers there. First accused replied he also knew opium divan keepers in Aberdeen but had not dealt with them in recent years because the keepers wanted him to deliver opium to them.

At this stage, Mr. Cheung objected to the evidence saying it was prejudicial to the Defence. Any evidence of previous dealings, he submitted, was totally inadmissible and was totally irrelevant to the proceedings.

His Honour over-ruled the objection, saying he did not think what had been said so far was inadmissible in evidence.

Continuing, Insp. Lee said first accused went on to explain why he had caused his dealings with opium divan keepers in Aberdeen. First accused told him it was dangerous to travel long distances with such goods as opium in his possession, and

added that if anybody wished to buy opium from him they could see him at his address.

TYPES OF OPIUM
They went on to discuss the type of opium witness wished to buy. Witness said he wanted some "fat chi" opium and first accused informed him the price for that type would be \$65 per tael. Witness commented that the price was too high, but first accused said he could not reduce it. He offered what quantity witness wanted, and witness replied he wanted 30 taels. First accused further remarked, said witness, that unlike other dealers he permitted purchasers of opium to return the drug to him if they could not dispose of it.

First accused next said he would recommend witness to a new type of opium from Saigon which was both cheap and of good quality. He said the price for this Saigon opium was only \$53 per tael. Witness agreed to try the new brand and then told first accused he would purchase 10 taels of "fat chi" opium, five taels of "kat" opium and 12 taels of "kung" opium. First accused wrote down these orders on a piece of paper on which he worked out the price, saying they came to a total of \$1,092.50 for 22.5 taels. He handed the paper over to witness, who took possession of it.

Witness requested that first accused show him a sample of the Saigon opium. Accused complied and handed over a piece to witness. Present all this time, he added, was his informant. Witness and the informant then left the premises together.

AGREEABLE
At 10.15 a.m. the following day, witness, accompanied by his informant, returned to the flat and there saw a sample of the Saigon opium to be below standard and he would therefore not buy more than five taels of that type. First accused was agreeable and witness then asked for a total of 37 taels of opium of various brands. First accused worked out the price for this quantity and said it came to \$2,470.

First accused then took witness to a rear cubicle where he produced some opium, weighed it and said it was five taels. He added that the rest of the opium would be of correct weight. While they were there, second accused entered and told witness it was his cubicle. Witness thereupon disclosed his identity and arrested both accused. He cautioned them and both asked him for a chance of Police who had stationed themselves in adjoining premises, and a search was then made of the cubicle.

The trial is proceeding.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Economic Theory Of Rents

Sir—It was with some surprise that after reading through most of your paper last night I came across a glaring error on the last page. I speak of course, of "Economic Theory of Rents," which I hope you realise should have been signed "Elementary Student of Economics."

Although here in the Colony his theories cannot apply, as all land is leasehold from the Crown and the Crown's rent is paid "for the benefit of the community," it would seem that he is getting muddled between rent from "land" and the loosely used word rent from property, which of course is a return on "capital" which even the theorists mentioned by him allowed.

NOT UP AT THE L.S.E.

Sir—With reference to the letter from Student of Elementary Economics on the Economic Theory of Rents I venture to point out the following:—

(1) There is no freehold land in Hongkong, most of the land is held for 75 years. How often during the 75 years does your correspondent think rents can be increased? (Rent Control started in 1923?)

When there is a depression and rents are reduced, who is going to indemnify the landlord?

And finally if his houses are empty who is going to pay his "unearned increments"?

(2) As your correspondent is undoubtedly aware rent is paid in Hongkong in the form of money and when money comes into the picture, another economic problem, not so elementary, arises, namely that of the purchasing power of money. If the price of rice is today seven cents a catty as it was pre-war then I am confident that no landlord would complain if he is paid a pre-war rent. It is not clear to your correspondent that instead of paying his landlord with good pre-war dollars, he is now paying him in devalued dollars? I am sure that this economic factor is obvious to every person who has asked for our increase in wages, fees, or in the price of the goods he sells.

W.K.O.

'What's Her Line?' Solution
NIGHT-NURSE.
London Express Service.

Architect Cross-Examined In \$52,500 Court Claim

The claim for \$52,500 for architectural fees in connection with certain buildings to be erected on Minden Avenue and Mody Road continued before Mr. Justice T. J. Gould in the Supreme Court this morning, when Alfred V. Alvarez, architect, plaintiff in the case, who gave evidence yesterday, was cross-examined by the Defence Counsel.

Defendant is Ching Jung-kao, building contractor, of 15-Ki Lung Street, Kowloon.

Alternatively plaintiff is claiming damages for breach of contract and in the further alternative he is claiming \$52,500 on a quantum meruit as reasonable remuneration for architectural work done for the defendant at his request in connection with the proposed buildings.

Plaintiff is represented by the Hon. Leo d'Almada, QC, and Mr. D. A. L. Wright, both instructed by Mr. H. J. Astor, strong, Mr. Brook A. Bernacchi, on the instructions of Mr. Peter H. Sin, appears for the defendant.

An application by Mr. Wright for Chan Chak-to, referred to in evidence as a partner of the defendant, who was in Court yesterday and who, Mr. Wright said, might be called to give evidence for the Defence, to leave the Court during plaintiff's evidence was granted. Chan was directed by his Lordship to leave the Court.

His Lordship told Mr. Bernacchi, who opposed the application, that unless Counsel was not going to call Chan as a witness, Chan must appear. Mr. Bernacchi said he could not undertake not to call Chan.

Plaintiff in his evidence yesterday said that the six drawings produced in Court in connection with the proposed project were prepared by him on the instructions of defendant or Chan.

NO DEFINITE PLAN

Alvarez told Mr. Bernacchi in cross-examination that the plans for 38 houses were not substantially in accordance with the original contract entered into with the defendant. When he made the contract with defendant there was no definite plan as to how the site was to be developed. He said he would be happy to design for 38 houses because his remuneration would be so much more.

In answer to a further question, plaintiff said that it was at the suggestion of defendant and Chan that the number was reduced from 38 to 33. He agreed that about February 15 after he had received information from the PWD he told defendant and Chan that it was no longer possible to build so many houses.

Plaintiff said he did not have any idea as to what defendant was going to do with the houses. He was aware that they were going to build houses for the purpose of making money. After he had told them it was no longer possible to build so many houses on the site, plaintiff went on, they told him to put up alternative schemes, which he did.

Plaintiff agreed that the fourth set of plans for the four houses plus a general layout of the whole area were produced by him at the Tribunal hearing. He added that the general layout showed divisions of the complete development of the whole site, in other words, defendant and Chan knew and intended to build 20 houses over the whole area.

He was aware that if defendant did not build the 20 houses (to accommodate the 14 outgoing tenants for whose premises an exemption order was asked at the Tribunal) defendant would lose a \$200,000 deposit under their agreement with Humphreys.

DENIES SUGGESTION

Mr. Bernacchi: I suggest to you that the general layout plan was never intended either by you or by defendant and Chan to represent a final decision on the layout of the rest of the area.

Plaintiff: That is not true. Instructions of defendant minor amendments were made to the plan. He also advised them that, until they had made up their minds, to leave everything in abeyance. It took over a month to prepare the working drawings, so that whilst the defendant and Chan were considering the alternative schemes which he put up at their suggestion, that did not hold up the preparation of the working plans for the four houses, plaintiff said.

In answer to another question, plaintiff said that provided Minden Avenue was retained, the overall development plan could be changed around as much as he or defendant liked.

Shown a sketch, plaintiff said that it was one of the very first studies made before the contract was signed. It was a sketch showing 27 houses and represented a rejected scheme. The plan provided a scheme whereby by houses were to be built back to back.

AUTHORISATION
Mr. Bernacchi: I am putting to you that apart from the original scheme for approximately 38 houses which you told my clients that was not possible to proceed with, and apart from your authority to go ahead with the four houses, there was no final decision taken as to the development of the rest of the site?

Plaintiff: Perhaps I could answer the question this way. When I designed those four houses I had to take into consideration how I would develop the rest of the site for my clients. Would you answer Yes or No? That question cannot be answered Yes or No.

I put it to you that you were never authorised to draw up working drawings for any other houses than those four—I was definitely authorised. Hearing is continuing.

Man Bursts Into Tears In Court

As his wife went into the witness box to testify for him in an action against his son for the return of business accounts and documents, 60-year-old Cheung Yat-ching, burst into tears and had to leave the Court this morning.

Cheung, of 17A Granville Road is the plaintiff in the action being heard before Mr. Justice Hecce at the Supreme Court, claiming back a staircase business at 94-96 Nathan Road, ground floor, from his fourth son, Cheung Chok-ping, of 94-96 Nathan Road.

"He cheated me of my business. That is not what a good son does," the father told the Court.

Mr. A. J. Clifford, instructed by Mr. P. C. Woo, is appearing for the father, and Mr. Percy Cheung, instructed by Hastings and Co., is for the defendant son.

The elderly mother, Lo Lin-yung, said that her husband paid for the interior decoration of the Central Company and it was she who handed him \$200 for it from the office safe. She said that when the shop was being fitted up she went there regularly and helped to paint a few articles. Her third daughter-in-law helped to carry the wood and also looked for the shop when business started. Also working in the shop were her husband, her second and her fourth sons.

SONS QUARREL

The business opened in June, 1949 when her two sons went jointly in charge of purchases, and the witness, in October that year, the two sons quarrelled over the display of goods in the shop and the second son left the business. The fourth son, defendant, suggested to her that he should be put in charge of the business and promised to let the profits go to his father. As the old man was sick at that time, she advised him to let his son carry on the business.

The mother declared that when her two sons went to her about their quarrel, she told her fourth son that she would write a draft agreement for him so that a Lee Shu-wah would get money. When she asked her fourth son to return the draft to her he replied that it would be settled by legislation. When other members of the family asked him to return the draft, he replied that it had been turned up.

The case is proceeding.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.
Time Signal and Programme Summary: 12.00, Twilight Harmony; 1.00, "First Hearing" presented by Donald Brooks (Studio); 1.30, La Demeure Francaise (Studio); 1.55, Weather Report; 2.00, Time Signal, World News and News from the Colonies of the West Indies. Written and Narrated by Henry Swaney. Produced by Maurice Howells (BBC); 10.00, Sydney Thompson's Old-Time Dance Orchestra; 10.15, Cricket—3rd Test Match, England v. Australia, Ball by Ball Commentary from Old Trafford, Manchester (Relay from Australian Broadcasting Commission); 10.30, The Ballet "Les Deux Pigeons" (Andre Messager) and "Fete Polonoise and Danse Blavie" (Chabrier). Rich and R. Blarney conducting the Orchestra of the Opera-Comique, Paris; 10.50, Weather Report; 11.00, News Reel (London Relay); 11.15, Cricket—3rd Test Match, England v. Australia, Ball by Ball Commentary from Old Trafford, Manchester (Relay from Australian Broadcasting Commission); 11.30, God Save The Queen; 11.45, Close Down.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"What's this fishing trip costing you, George? I got stuck for a mink coat next Christmas!"

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